What's New in Remote Workstation Card Firmware

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card firmware 20.01 is a firmware release for Remote Workstation Cards only. This release is a feature release that also includes big fixes and security updates. Features in this release:

Use with Management Console version 20.01

This firmware is supported with Management Console 20.01 or newer

4K Resolution

Support for 4K resolutions on supported 4k monitors. See 4K Prerequisites

Event Log Updates

Removed the logging of various invalid parameters.

Versioning Number Change

Remote Workstation Card firmware is on a new numbering scheme, where the first number is the release date year, and the second number is the release date month, and the third number is the number of maintenance releases.

Linux Brokering

Brokering of the Remote Workstation Card can now be done in Linux environments. See Remote Workstation Card Agent for Linux.

Security Updates

- AES-128-GCM has been removed as an encryption option for PCoIP in-session encryption, only AES-256-GCM can be used.
- Cryptography library has been updated to the latest Mocana version.

Who Should Read This Guide?

This guide is intended for systems administrators who are configuring, managing, and deploying Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Cards in a PCoIP environment.

Administrators are expected to have experience configuring PCoIP clients, and have a working knowledge of networking principals and using the PCoIP protocol.

Understanding terms in Teradici guides

For information on the industry specific terms and abbreviations in this guide, see the Teradici Glossary.

Using this Guide

This guide describes your Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Cards capabilities, and explains how to set up, configure, and manage your Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card. It also answers frequently asked questions.

Use the following list for quick access to the topics covered in this guide:

- Who Should Read This Guide? Outlines the document's intended readers, describes what's new in Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card 5.1 and how to use the guide, establishes document conventions, and lists additional resources you may find useful.
- Introducing Your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Describes how to set up your Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card, and outlines what you need to do to secure the Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card.
- About the PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (AWI) Describes the main administrative tool of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
- Configuration Parameters Describes parameters you can configure using your Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card's Administrative Web Interface (AWI), and the Teradici PCoIP Management Console.
- Installing Your Remote Workstation Card Describes how to install your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card in your host PC and includes references to optional hardware and software that should be installed before a need for it arises.
- PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Security Overview Describes the main security options and configurations of the Teradici PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card that should be considered before deployment.
- Establishing a PCoIP Session to a Remote Workstation Card Shows you how to connect to a PCoIP client, and how to disconnect from a PCoIP session.

Getting More Information

In addition to this guide, the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card documentation set includes:

- Remote Workstation Card Quick Start Guide
- Remote Workstation Card Firmware Release Notes
- Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows
- Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux
- Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows
- Remote Workstation Card Agent for Linux

For detailed information on using the PCoIP Management Console to manage deployments, see the Teradici PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

For help using and configuring firmware for PCoIP Zero Clients, see PCoIP Zero Client Firmware Administrators' Guide.

For information on installing and configuring additional Remote Workstation Cards and PCoIP Zero Clients so that you can use additional monitors on your desk, see Tera2 PCoIP[®] Multi-Monitor Deployment Guide.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

A PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is a small add-in card that can be integrated into tower workstations, rack mount workstations, computer blades, and server blades. PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards are manufactured and integrated by various display card manufacturers, supporting widescreen formats, and are powered by TERA2220 or TERA2240 processors. The card's TERA-series processor uses advanced display compression algorithms to encode a user's full workstation environment and then communicated over an IP network to the user's PCoIP client endpoint. Because PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards do not have general purpose CPUs, local data storage, or application operating systems, they are very secure and easy to manage. This is separate from the host PC which do have general purpose CPUs and local data storage. PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards contain upgradable firmware that enables you to customize your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with various features.

Teradici processor

The processor name refers to the chipset used in the PCoIP device. For example, TERA2240 is the processor used in the second-generation TERA2240 PCIe Remote Workstation Card (for tower PC or rack mount workstations) and TERA2240 PCI Mezzanine Remote Workstation Card (for blade workstations). For details on how to display the processor name for your device, see Displaying Processor Information.

Remote Workstation Card Processor Name	Maximum No. of Supported Displays and Resolutions
TERA2220	2 x 1920x1200 1 x 2560x1600 ¹ 1 x 3840x2160 ²
TERA2240	4 x 1920x1200 2 x 2560x1600 ¹ 2 x 3840x2160 ²

Supported Resolutions for PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards

You can mix and match any Remote Workstation Card with any PCoIP Zero Client. However, when you connect a PCoIP Zero Client endpoint to a Remote Workstation Card, the maximum supported

resolutions for any displays attached to the endpoint will equal the highest common denominator between the two devices. For example, if you connect a TERA2140 PCoIP Zero Client to a TERA2240 Remote Workstation Card, you can attach up to four 1920x1200 displays or two 3840x2160 displays. However, if you connect a TERA2321 PCoIP Zero Client to the same Remote Workstation Card, the options become up to two 1920x1200 displays or one 3840x2160 display.

Best Security Practices

Teradici highly recommends using custom peer-to-peer certificates to create a more secure environment when connecting to your Remote Workstation Card. Teradici highly recommends using this new feature to create a more secure environment. Contact your IT department to ensure your deployment is in accordance with your Company's security policy.

Platforms

Remote Workstation Cards are supported on host PCs using Windows or Linux platforms when the host PC supports PCIe x1 required to install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Additionally, Teradici provides an optional software package that can be installed on the host PC. The software package called Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows (and Linux) is specific to each platform and communicates with the Remote Workstation Card adding additional features and performance enhancements. For more information on the Remote Workstation Card Software see PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux Administrators' Guide and "PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows Administrators' Guide.

Nemote Workstation Card Software and Firmware features

Some features of the Remote Workstation Card Software may require a minimum firmware version on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and the PCoIP Zero Client. Always review the release notes for Remote Workstation Card Software feature requirements.

Wacom Tablets on Linux Host PCs

Wacom tablets are currently supported when connecting to Remote Workstation Card in a Linux PC using Tera2 PCoIP Zero Clients with an attached Wacom tablet. It is recommended that the latest firmware release be used on your Tera2 PCoIP Zero Client and the latest Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux release be installed on your host PC. This is required to maintain local cursor support on the PCoIP Zero Client side, and best performance in sessions with the Remote Workstation Card. Using the latest firmware and Remote Workstation Card Software on PCoIP endpoints will provide the most up to date support for Wacom devices and functions when the latest Wacom drivers are used.

- Remote Workstation Cards support 2560x1600 resolution on attached displays using either DVI (with Y-cable) or miniDisplayPort interfaces. For instructions on how to connect cables to Tera2 PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards with DVI and/or DisplayPort ports to support this resolution, see knowledge base article 1025.
- 2. Remote Workstation Cards support 3840x2160 @ 30 Hz (4K UHD) resolution at 15 FPS when the changing content is full screen. A video that takes up half of the screen can run at 30 FPS.

Compatibilities

Each firmware release is confirmed compatible with the following components to ensure environments using these components remain reliable when performing a firmware upgrade.

Zero Client

- Remote Workstation Card firmware 20.01.0 has been tested with Zero Client 20.01.0 and 6.5.1
- Other Zero Client firmware may be compatible, but are not supported

PCoIP Software Client

- Remote Workstation Card firmware 20.01.0 has been tested with PCoIP Software Client 20.01.0
- Other Software Client versions may be compatible with this release, but are not supported
- Direct to Remote Workstation Card connections are no longer supported, only when brokered.
 See Remote Workstation Card Agent for Windows and Remote Workstation Card Agent for Linux documentation for further details

Management Console

• PCoIP Management Console 20.01+ is required

VMware Horizon

- Tested with VMware Horizon View 7.10
- Remote Workstation Card is compatible with PCoIP Secure Gateway 7.7 and older

About the Management Tools

The following configuration and management tools are available for PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards:

- PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (AWI): A web-based interface for configuring a specific PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's firmware remotely after typing the endpoints's IP address or FQDN into the browser's address bar. For more information, see About the PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (AWI).
- PCoIP Endpoint Management Software: A management tool for managing multiple PCoIP endpoints, such as Remote Workstation Cards remotely. Teradici's management software is the PCoIP Management Console. For information about the PCoIP Management Console, see the latest PCoIP Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Management Console firmware requirements

Remote Workstation Card firmware management may be limited to specific Management Console releases. Always review the release notes and Compatibilities documentation for each release.

- Firmware release 4.9.x and earlier can only be managed my Management Console 1.10.8
- Firmware 5.x 19.11 can be managed by Management Console 3.2 19.11
- Firmware 20.01+ must be managed by Management Console 20.01+

Please review the lifecycle pages for up-to-date information on the life status and support of Teradici products.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Requirements

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card has few requirements other than being used in a host PC that supports PCIe x1 devices. However there are some conditions to this requirement.

Category	Requirement	Notes
PC	Windows or Linux OS	If using features requiring the Remote Workstation Card Software, the PC must be Windows or Linux based
	Available PCIe slot	 PCIe x1 Quad Remote Workstation Card requires FHHL Dual Remote Workstation Card requires Low Profile 13W power
GPU	Video port	At minimum, the same number of ports to match the number of monitors in your deployment (up to 4) Ports must support dual data rates to obtain maximum Remote Worktation Card resolution
	Resolution	GPU must support the resolution used in your deployment (up to 3840x2160 @ 30 Hz)
Video Port Cables	miniDP to DP or miniDP to DVI	High resolution configurations to a GPU with DVI ports may require active cables

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is of little use without a PCoIP capable client connected to it. PCoIP client requirements are listed by the PCoIP client being used.

🛕 Connecting Monitors to your Workstation

PCoIP sessions to Remote Workstation Cards when monitors are connected on the workstation are not supported.

Connection Prerequisites

This section lists basic requirements for the following connection types you can make to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. This firmware release support connections from PCoIP Zero Clients, Software Clients and management using PCoIP Endpoint Managers (such as the PCoIP Management Console).

- 4K Prerequisites
- PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card Prerequisites
- Teradici PCoIP Software Client to Remote Workstation Card PrerequisitesPCoIP Software Client to PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
- Endpoint Manager Configuration

b No-IP networks

While PCoIP Zero Clients and Remote Workstation Cards can be configured to be directly connected via a no-IP network (a cable connecting both units together with no switch in between), it is not a configuration that is supported by Teradici. For more information see KB 1297

i Downloading Firmware

To download a specific firmware version for Remote Workstation Card, log in to the Teradici Support Site. You may require a Teradici Cloud Access subscription to access some firmware versions.

4K Prerequisites

- 4K firmware 20.01 or newer
- Mini DisplayPort model of a quad (TERA2240) or dual (TERA2220) Remote Workstation Card
- The GPU on the workstation must support 4K UHD
- 1 Gb connection between the client and host (for a better experience)

d Build to Lossless and timing behavior

- With 4K firmware, the Remote Workstation Card Build to Lossless feature is disabled when using 4K resolutions
- 4K @ 60 Hz timings are not supported. The client will search for a 4K @ 30 Hz timing instead.

PCoIP Zero Client to PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

Before connecting a PCoIP Zero Client to a Remote Workstation Card, please ensure that the following prerequisites are in place:

- For 4K Zero Client Configurations
- Ensure the Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client have compatible firmware versions identified in the release notes.
 For information on how to assign a firmware file to a profile using the Management Console, see Management Console Administators' Guide
 For information on how to upload firmware to a single host or client using the AWI, see Uploading Firmware.
- The PCoIP Zero Client and Remote Workstation Card are using compatible security encryption.
- The PCoIP Zero Client and Remote Workstation Card have the same Peer-to-Peer certificate configuration. See Peering Remote Workstation Cards to PCoIP Zero Clients for details.
- The networks between the Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client are properly configured and optionally have a 1 Gb connection between them for a better experience.
- Optionally, the host PC power cable is connected if you are wanting to use the host PC power on/off switch.

PCoIP Software Client to PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

Before connecting a PCoIP software client to a Remote Workstation Card, please ensure:

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card has a compatible firmware installed. See the firmware release notes for compatibility details.

For details about PCoIP software client requirements, and instructions on how to configure

the client to connect to a Remote Workstation Card, please see your software client administrators guide (Windows, macOS, and Linux.)

- The Teradici software client and PCoIP Remote Workstation Card are using compatible security encryption.
- The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software is installed on the host PC.
- The networks between the Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client are properly configured.

PCoIP Management Console to PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

To use a PCoIP endpoint manager to remotely manage PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards, ensure the PCoIP Management Console interface is enabled (default).

danagement Console Version

This firmware release supports Management Console 20.01+.

Installing Your Remote Workstation Card

Using the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card requires installing the card into a PCIe slot on the host PC motherboard, connecting the Remote Workstation Card to the host PC GPU, and plugging it into a DHCP enabled network with PCoIP clients connected. Optionally, you can connect the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card power cable to the host PC motherboard which allows the host card to turn off and wake the host PC through wake-on-lan. Another option is to install the Remote Workstation Card Software on the host PC to enhance the PCoIP experience when using the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

Most PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards come with DHCP enabled and will accept a connection from any client. This allows a PCoIP connection with minimal effort when first connected to a network with PCoIP clients. All that is required is to connect the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card to a network with DHCP enabled via the card's RJ45 connector.

oEM default settings

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards default settings can be changed by OEM manufacturers. Reference your OEM documentation to ensure a smooth deployment.

d MAC Address

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's MAC address is located on a sticker on the card. It is important to write down this address before installing the card in the workstation. see KB 1360 in the Teradici Support Site for additional information. You will need this information to connect to the card using SLP discovery.

Ensure the host PC is completely powered off before installing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card to the host PC and connecting the optional PCoIP Remote Workstation Card remote power cable.

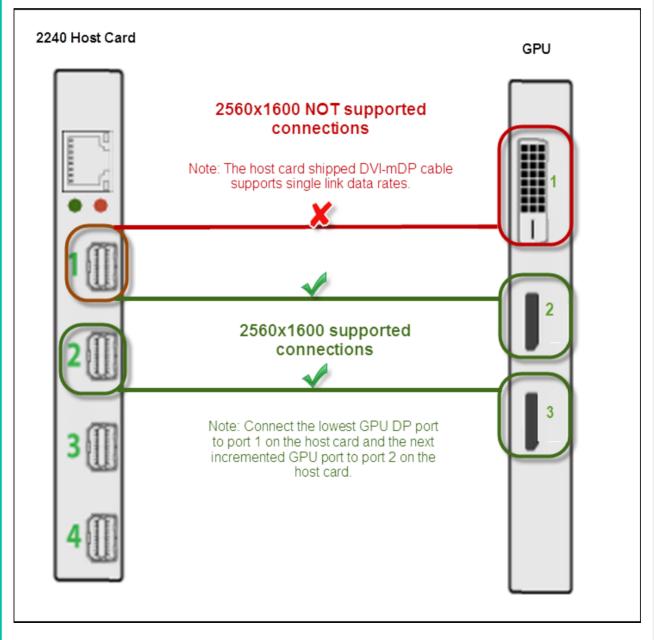
- Insert the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card into an available PCIe slot and secure the card's metal bracket.
- Connect the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card to your network using the Ethernet port.
- Connect the GPU to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card using the cables that came with your card.

Connecting cables correctly

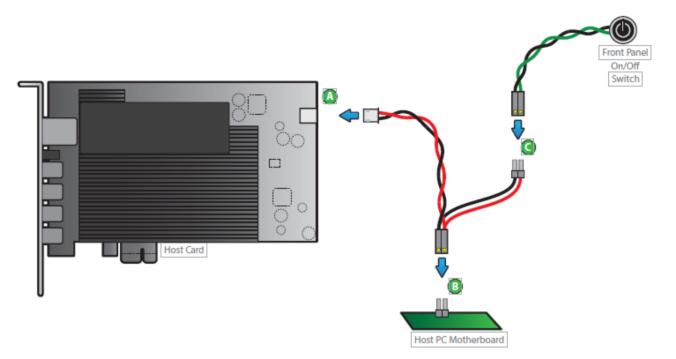
To get a desired resolution, all the components of your system (workstation card, GPU, PCoIP Zero Client, and monitors) must support this resolution. In addition, the cables must be connected according to the following rules:

- Always start with the lowest number GPU port (DisplayPort or DVI) and work up sequentially from there, similarly connecting to the lowest number PCoIP Remote Workstation Card port
- For 2560x1600 resolution, you must use DisplayPort ports on the workstation's GPU when connecting to the workstation card DisplayPort.

If you use DVI ports on the GPU, the maximum resolution supported is 1920x1200. The DVI-mDP cable shipped with the workstation card only supports single-link data rates. This means that if you connect the first dual-link DVI port on the GPU to a port on the workstation card, you will still only get a single-link data rate (i.e., resolutions up to 1920x1200).



• Optionally (and recommended) install the Teradici PCoIP Remote Workstation Card power button cable. This connection allows a remote user to power cycle the host PC (e.g., when the operating system is non-responsive).



- Connect the white end of the power button cable to the power button cable connector on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.
- Locate where the host PC front-panel power button cable connects to the motherboard. Disconnect the host PC's front-panel On/Off switch cable from the motherboard's header, and locate the Power On/Off signal pins. Connect the red wire on the workstation card power button cable to the positive terminal of the Power On/Off pin. Connect the black wire to the negative terminal. The negative terminal is typically a ground pin.

🛕 Caution: Motherboard power pins

The location of the Power On/Off switch pins is different from one motherboard to another. See your motherboard user manual for details. If you have the connector inversely connected, the host PC will not power up.

• Connect the host PC's front-panel On/Off switch cable to the 2-pin header on the workstation card power button cable. If this is not possible, the host PC's front-panel On/Off Switch is disabled.

When powered on, the host PC will be ready to receive a PCoIP connection.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows or Linux

Optionally, once the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is installed in the host PC, you can install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software package on the host PC/workstation to allow you to manage the card directly from the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software UI on the workstation.

Enable Host Driver Function

Before installing the Remote Workstation Card Software package for Linux or Windows on the workstation, you must first log in to the Remote Workstation Card from the AWI, and enable the host driver function in the firmware from the **Configuration > Host Driver Function** menu.

For detailed instructions on how to install the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software, please see PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows User Guide or PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux User Guide.

Host Driver Function

When enabled, the **Host Driver Function** allows the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software installed on the host computer to communicate with the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. You can enable this function by accessing it's AWI page—**Configuration > Host Driver Function**. The Remote Workstation Card Software lets users enable features such as the following:

- Using the local cursor and keyboard feature
- Locking the host PC when a session is terminated
- Using the Wake-on-LAN function
- · Viewing host and client network parameters
- Disconnecting a session
- Viewing host statistics and connection information
- Using the client display topology settings on the host

When disabled, you will not have access to additional features.

Identifying a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

On your Windows host PC, use device manager to see if a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is installed. This works if the Host Driver Function is enabled.

On your Linux host PC, open the command prompt and type <code>lspci | grep -i tera</code> to see if a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is installed.

Host Driver Function

Host Driver Function not enabled

If the Host Driver function is disabled:

- the Remote Workstation Card Software for Linux will alert you it cannot find a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card
- the Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows will not install

About the PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (AWI)

The PCoIP Administrative Web Interface (AWI) enables you to interact with a PCoIP endpoint. From the AWI, you can manage and configure an endpoint, view important information about it, and upload firmware and certificates to it.

After you type the device's IP address or FQDN into Microsoft Edge, Mozilla Firefox, or Google Chrome browser, the browser will use HTTPS to connect to the device's AWI web page. Access to the AWI is controlled using an administrative password, which can be optionally disabled.

The AWI's HTTPS connection is secured using a PCoIP root Certificate Authority (CA) certificate. To avoid warning messages when you log into the AWI, it is recommended that you install this certificate in your browser. The certificate file (cacert.pem) is always included in a firmware release, but you can also download it directly from Certificate management for PCoIP Zero Clients and PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards (1561). Detailed instructions on how to install the certificate are also included in the knowledge base article.

The following browsers are supported in this release:

- Firefox: current version
- Chrome: current version
- Microsoft Edge: current version

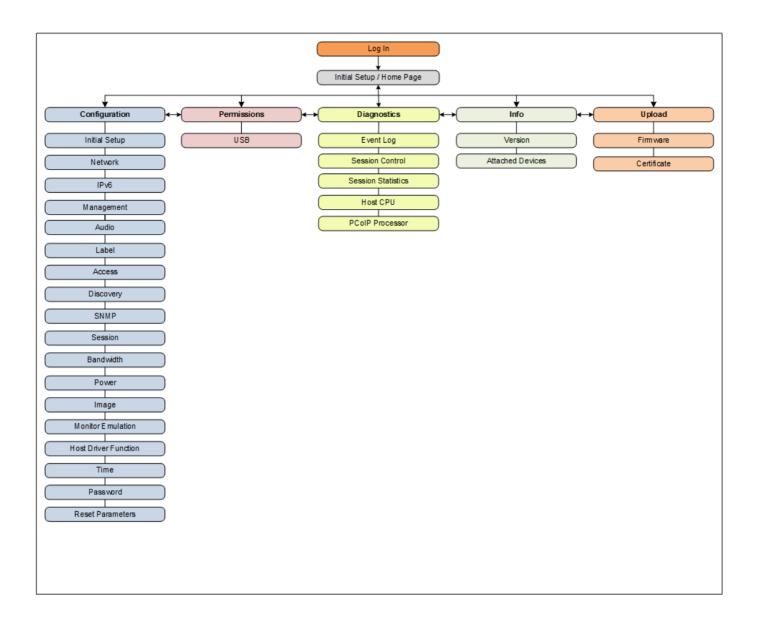
AWI Menus

AWI Menus

The AWI has five main menus that link to the various configuration and status pages.

- **Configuration**: The pages under this menu let you configure the various aspects for the device, such as network settings, language, session parameters, etc.
- **Permissions**: The pages under this menu let you set up the permissions for USB on the client and host.
- **Diagnostics**: The pages under this menu help you troubleshoot the device.
- Info: The pages listed this menu let you view firmware information and the devices currently attached to the device.
- **Upload**: The pages under this menu let you upload a new firmware version, an OSD logo, and your certificates to the device.

The following figure shows the menus and pages available in the AWI.



Logging into the AWI

To log into the Administrator Web Interface web page for a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

- 1. Using a web browser, enter the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's IP address in the address bar. According to network requirements, this address may be either a static or dynamic address as follows:
 - Static IP Address: The IP address is hard-coded and must be known.
 - **Dynamic IP Address:** The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server dynamically assigns the IP address. You can get it from the DHCP server.
- 2. From the *Log In* page, enter the administrative password. The default value is blank.

OEM default settings	
PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards default settings can be changed by OEM manufacturers. Reference your C documentation to ensure a smooth deployment.	DEM
Log In	
Please enter the administrative password to access this device.	
Password:	
Idle Timeout: Never 💌 Log In	
AWI Log In Page	

- 3. To change idle timeout (the time after which the user is automatically logged off), select an option from the **Idle Timeout** drop-down menu.
- 4. Click Log In.

Some PCoIP devices do not require a password to log in

Passwords on PCoIP endpoints when manufactured are determined by the OEMs. Some have placed a default password while others do not have password protection enabled. Teradici recommends using the PCoIP Management Console to manage endpoint password configuration. You can enable/disable password protection for these endpoints from the Management Console profile page. Then complete the following tasks:

- EDIT the profile containing your endpoint type
- select the appropriate endpoint type tab (DUAL or QUAD)
- from the SECURITY property group you will be able to configure the password options for the endpoints contained in this profile

If configured in the firmware defaults by the OEM manufacturer, the Initial Setup page appears the first time you log in. You can configure audio, network, and session parameters on this page. After you click **Apply**, the Home page appears for each subsequent session. This page provides an overview of the device status.

If a warning message appears when you try to log in, then a session is already in progress on that device. Only one user can log into a device at one time. When a new user logs in, the current session is ended and the previous user is returned to the Log In page.

Passwords

The **Password** page lets you update the local administrative password for the device. You can access this page from the **Options > Password** menu. The password can be a maximum of 20 characters.

Unknown AWI password

Take care when updating the client password as the client may become unusable if the password is lost.

Contact your manufacturer for your devices AWI default password

Contact your manufacturer to obtain the default password for your device's AWI.

AWI Home Page

The AWI Home page displays a statistics summary for the PCoIP endpoint. You can display the Home page at any time by clicking the Home link at the top left section of the menu bar.

tera					
PCoIP® F	lost Card				
PCoIP® devi	e status and stat	stics for the current ses	sion.		
		Processor: TERA22	20 revision 1.0 (512 MB)		
			1 Hours 6 Minutes 5 Seco	nds	
	PColl	P Device Name: pcoip-h	ost-0030040e3388		
		nnection State: Disconr	nected		
		ection Duration: tication Status: Disable	-		
		ncryption Type: Not in S			
DC-10			7061 (0 (0 0 %)		
PCOIP		teceived/Lost): 7390 / 1 ent/Received): 360878			
Rou		Min/Avg/Max): 0 / 0 / 0			
		vg/Max/Limit): 0 / 0 / 0			
		Min/Avg/Max): 0/0/0			
Pipeline Pr	ocessing Rate (A	vg/Max/Limit): 0/0/0) Mpps		
	Endpoint Image S	Settings In Use: Client			
Initial I	mage Quality (Mi	n <mark>/Active/Max):</mark> 40 / 45	/ 90		
	Image Qua	lity Preference: 25			
	Bu	ild To Lossless: Enabled	1		
	Maximum Rate:				
Display	Refresh Rate	Input Change Rate	Output Process Rate	Image Quality	
1	60 fps	0 fps	0 fps	N/A	
2	0 fps	0 fps	0 fps	N/A	

AWI: Home Page

The previous figure shows session statistics for devices that can support two connected displays. If your deployment only supports two displays, information for these two displays will appear in the bottom area of the page.

AWI Home Page Statistics

Statistics	Description
Processor	PCoIP processor type, version, and RAM size
Time Since Boot	Length of time that the PCoIP processor has been running.
PCoIP Device Name	The logical name for the device. This field is the name the endpoint registers with the DNS server if DHCP is enabled or the system is configured to support registering the hostname with the DNS server. (See the PCoIP Device Name parameter on the Label page.)
Connection State	The current state of the PCoIP session. Values include the following: Asleep Canceling Connected Connection Pending Disconnected Waking
Connection Duration	Displays the length of time the device has been connected to a host endpoint.
802.1X Authentication Status	Indicates whether 802.1x authentication is enabled or disabled on the device.
Session Encryption Type	The type of encryption in use when a session is active: • AES-256-GCM
PCoIP Packet Statistics	PCoIP Packets Sent: The total number of PCoIP packets sent in the current/last session. PCoIP Packets Received: The total number of PCoIP packets received in the current/last session. PCoIP Packets Lost: The total number of PCoIP packets lost in the current/last session.

AWI Home Page

Statistics	Description
Bytes	Bytes Sent: The total number of bytes sent in the current/last session. Bytes Received: The total number of bytes received in the current/last session.
Round Trip Latency	The minimum, average, and maximum round-trip PCoIP system and network latency in milliseconds (± 1 ms).
Bandwidth Statistics	Transmit Bandwidth : The minimum, average, and maximum traffic transmitted by the Tera processor. The active bandwidth limit is the maximum amount of network traffic the Tera processor may currently generate. The value is derived from the configured bandwidth parameters and the current (or last) network congestion levels. Receive Bandwidth : The minimum, average, and maximum traffic received by the Tera processor.
Pipeline Processing Rate	How much image data is currently being processed by the image engine (in megapixels per second).
Endpoint Image Settings In Use	Displays if the image settings being used are configured within the client or within the host. This is based on how the Use Client Image Settings field is configured on the Image page for the host device.
Initial Image Quality	The minimum and maximum quality setting is taken from the Image page for the device. The active setting is what's currently being used in the session and only appears on the host.
Image Quality Preference	This setting is taken from the Image Quality Preference field on the Image page. The value determines if the image is set to a smoother versus a sharper image.
Build to Lossless	Options that may appear in this field include the following: Enabled: The Disable Build to Lossless field on the Image page is unchecked. Disabled: The Disable Build to Lossless field is checked.
Display	The port number for the display.
Maximum Rate	This column shows the refresh rate of the attached display. If the Maximum Rate field on the Image page is set to 0 (i.e., there is no limit), the maximum rate is taken from the monitor's refresh rate. If the Maximum Rate field on the Image page is set to a value greater than 0, the refresh rate shows as "User Defined."

Statistics	Description
Input Change Rate	The rate of content change from the GPU. This includes everything the user is doing (such as cursor movement, email editing, or streaming video). Note: This option is only available on the host. It does not appear on the client.
Output Process Rate	The frame rate currently being sent from the image engine on the host to the client.
Initial Image Quality	Shows the current lossless state of the attached display: Lossy Perceptually lossless Lossless

Clicking Reset Statistics also resets statistics on Home page

When you click the **Reset Statistics** button on a Remote Workstation Card's AWI Session Statistics page (**Diagnostics** > **Session Statistics**), the statistics reported in the Home page are also reset.

				PCoIP® Host Card
ome		Configuratio	on / Permissions / D	Diagnostics / Info / Upload
_				
te	radici.			
	PCoIP			
Session S	tatistics			
iew statistics	for the current se	ssion		
	Co	nnection State: Disconn	ected	
		ction Duration:		
	802.1X Authen	tication Status: Disable	d	
PCoTF	Packets (Sent/R	eceived/Lost): 0 / 0 / 0) (0.0 %)	
		ent/Received): 0 / 0		
		4in/Avg/Max): 0 / 0 / 0		
		g/Max/Limit): 0 / 0 / 0		
Rec	eive Bandwidth (I	4in/Avg/Max): 0 / 0 / 0) KDPS	
Pipe	line Processing Ra	ite (Avg/Max): 0 / 0 Mp	ops	
		ettings In Use: Client		
Initial I		/Active/Max): 40 / 90	/ 90	
		ity Preference: 50 Id To Lossless: Enabled	4	
	50	in to cossiess. chabled	-	
			-	
		Reset	Statistics	
	Maximum Rate:	Transf Charges Back		True on Overline
	Refresh Rate	Input Change Rate	Output Process Rate	Image Quality
Display 1	0 fps	0.005	0 fps	N/A
1	0 fps 0 fps	0 fps 0 fps	0 fps 0 fps	N/A N/A
	0 fps 0 fps 0 fps	0 fps 0 fps 0 fps	0 fps 0 fps 0 fps	N/A N/A N/A

Configuration Parameters

This section provides descriptions for the parameters found within each menu selection. These parameters control the performance and behavior of your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. The descriptions will help you configure and optimize your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card for your deployment. Some of the menu parameters are described in a grouped section of the guide:

- Configuring Power Options
- About USB Settings
- Host Driver Function
- Software Reset Parameters

Configuring the Initial Setup

Connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is easy right out of the box. Default settings that are enabled include DHCP, SLP Discovery, DNS SRV Discovery and Accept Any Client allow easy first time connections for many networks. For simplicity, basic network and audio settings are available on the Initial Setup page of the AWI. You can access this page from the **Configuration > Initial Setup** menu. The AWI's Initial Setup page contains the audio, network, and session configuration parameters that you should set before a pcoip endpoint can be used. This page helps to simplify initial setup and reduce the time for new users to establish a session between a PCoIP client and PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

If configured in the firmware defaults by the manufacturer, the *Initial Setup* page appears the first time you log in. After you click **Apply**, the Home page appears for subsequent sessions unless the firmware parameters are reset.

Complex environments require further configuration

More complex environments that use host discovery or endpoint management systems require further configuration than is available on the Initial Setup page.

Initial Setup (1:1 Manual Configuration) These settings must be configured before the device is used for the first time		
Step 1: Audio Enable HD Audio: Image: Note: To enable audio, please ensure that audio is also enabled on the Client. Enable Audio Line In: Image: This will select the Line In input. If using Microsoft® Windows Vista® / Windows® 7, please ensure you do the following for this feature to function correctly: 1. Run regedit. 2. Search the registry keys for 'PinConfigOverrideVerbs' and delete these registry entries.		
Step 2: Network Enable DHCP: ☑ IP Address: 10 .0 .155.200		
Subnet Mask: 255 255 255 0 Gateway: 10 .0 .155 .1 Primary DNS Server: 10 .0 .152 .8 Secondary DNS Server: 10 .0 .152 .9		
Step 3: Session Accept Any Client: 🗹		
Client MAC Address: 00 -00 -00 -00 -00 -00		
Step 4: Apply Changes		
Apply Cancel		

Initial Setup Page

Audio

The two audio parameters for audio on the *Initial Setup* page will allow audio from a device attached to a PCoIP Zero Client be played from the host PC. These are the same parameters found in the separate Audio page

Enable HD Audio allows the audio hardware on the PCoIP Zero Client to be used when connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. When disabled, the audio hardware is not available for the host operating system to enumerate.

Enable Audio Line In allows the use of the line-in connector on a PCoIP Zero Client so an audio device can be plugged into a PCoIP Zero Client and played on the host PC. When disabled you can use the line-in connector as a microphone input.

Microsoft Users

If using Microsoft® Windows Vista, Windows 7, & Windows 8, please ensure you do the following for this feature to function correctly:

- Run regedit.
- Search the registry keys for PinConfigOverrideVerbs and delete these registry entries.

Network

The Network parameters on the *Initial Setup* page allows you to enable DHCP or manually configure network settings, allowing you to connect to your network quickly. For more detailed network configurations, see Configuring Host Network Settings where you will have additional options.

Session

Accept Any Client allows any PCoIP Zero Client or PCoIP software client to connect to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. If your deployment requires a connection from a specific client, you have the option of entering its MAC address here. For more secure settings when connecting from a PCoIP client, see Configuring a Session.

Configuring Host Network Settings

This page lets you configure network settings for the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. You can access this page from the **Configuration > Network** menu. After you update the parameters on this page, click **Apply** to save your changes.

You can also configure network information from the host's Initial Setup page.

Network		
Change the network settings for the	device	
Enable DHCP:		
IP Address:	10 0 8 28	
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	
Gateway:		
Primary DNS Server:	192 168 1 50	
Secondary DNS Server:	192 168 1 52	
Domain Name:		
FQDN:	pcoip-host-0030040e638c.teradici.local	
Ethernet Mode:	Auto	
Enable Gigabit Auto-Negotiation:		
Prefer Master for Auto-Negotiation:		
Auto-Negotiation:		
Maximum MTU Size:	1200 bytes	
Enable 802.1X Security:		
Authentication:	TLS 💌	
Identity:		
Client Certificate:		Choose
Enable 802.1X Support for Legacy Switches:	N	
	Apply Cancel	

AWI Network Page Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable DHCP	When enabled, the device contacts a DHCP server to be assigned an IP address, subnet mask, gateway IP address, and DNS servers, and also requests a domain name (option 15), host name (option 12), and client fully qualified domain name (FQDN). When disabled, you must set these parameters manually.
IP Address	The device's IP address. If DHCP is disabled, you must set this field to a valid IP address. If DHCP is enabled, you cannot edit this field.
Subnet Mask	The device's subnet mask. If DHCP is disabled, you must set this field to a valid subnet mask. If DHCP is enabled, you cannot edit this field.
	Warning: It is possible to configure an illegal IP address/subnet mask combination (e.g., invalid mask) that leaves the device unreachable. Take care when setting the subnet mask.
Gateway	The device's gateway IP address. If DHCP is disabled, this field is required. If DHCP is enabled, you cannot edit this field.
Primary DNS Server	The device's primary DNS IP address. This field is optional. If the DNS server IP address is configured when using a connection manager, the connection manager address may be set as an FQDN instead of an IP address.
Secondary DNS Server	The device's secondary DNS IP address. This field is optional. If the DNS server IP address is configured when using a connection manager, the connection manager address may be set as an FQDN instead of an IP address.
Domain Name	The domain named of the device (e.g., "domain.local"). This field is optional.
FQDN	The fully qualified domain name for the device. The default is pcoip-host- or pcoip- portal- where is the device's MAC address. If used, the domain name is appended (for example, pcoip-hostdomain.local). This field is read-only on this page.
	Note: To use the FQDN feature, the DNS server with DHCP option 81 must be available and properly configured.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet Mode	Lets you configure the Ethernet mode of the device as follows:
	• Auto
	• 100 Mbps Full-Duplex
	• 10 Mbps Full-Duplex
	when you choose 10 Mbps Full Duplex or 100 Mbps Full-Duplex and then click Apply , the following warning message appears:
	"Warning: When Auto-Negotiation is disabled on the PCoIP device, it must also be disabled on the switch. Additionally, the PCoIP device and switch must be configured to use the same speed and duplex parameters. Different parameters may result in a loss of network connectivity. Are you sure you want to continue?"
	Click OK to change the parameter.
	Note: You should always set the Ethernet mode to Auto and only use 10 Mbps Full- Duplex or 100 Mbps Full-Duplex when the other network equipment (e.g., a switch) is also configured to operate at 10 Mbps full-duplex or 100 Mbps full-duplex. An improperly set Ethernet mode may result in the network operating at half-duplex, which is not supported by the PCoIP protocol. The session will be severely degraded and eventually dropped.
Enable Gigabit Auto-	Lets you select the maximum negotiated speed of the network interface.
Negotiation	When enabled (the default), the maximum possible speed is 1 Gbps. When disabled, it is 100 Mbps.
	Note: You may want to disable this feature on the host card if you are experiencing Ethernet packet loss (which can result in loss of network connectivity and PCoIP session loss). This scenario can be caused by Ethernet cabling that is not up to Gigabit Ethernet specification (e.g., old building wiring composed of Cat5 cable). Out-of- specification cable will often still successfully auto-negotiate to 1 Gbps speed, but may subsequently have CRC errors during normal operation. Disabling Gigabit Auto- Negotiation prevents the network interface from advertising to its peer on the network that it supports Gigabit Ethernet operation, and so the maximum possible negotiated speed drops to the next level (100 Mbps).
Prefer Master for Auto- Negotiation	When enabled, this setting makes the Remote Workstation Card the master for auto- negotiation. It can be used when a client is connected directly to a Remote Workstation Card without an intervening switch.

Parameter	Description
Maximum MTU Size	Lets you configure the Maximum Transfer Unit packet size.
	A smaller MTU may be needed for situations such as VPN tunneling because PCoIP packets cannot be fragmented. Set the Maximum MTU Size to a value smaller than the network path MTU for the end-to-end connection between the host and client.
	The Maximum MTU Size range is 600 to 1500 bytes for all firmware versions. The default MTU size is 1200.
Enable 802.1X Security	Enable this field for each of your devices if your network uses 802.1x security to ensure that only authorized devices access the network. If enabled, configure the Authentication , Identity , and Client Certificate fields.
Authentication	This field is set to TLS (Transport Layer Security) and is grayed-out. TLS is currently the only authentication protocol supported.
Identity	Enter the identity string used to identify your device to the network.
Client Certificate	Click Choose to select the client certificate you want to use for your 802.1x devices. The list of certificates that appears includes the certificates uploaded from the Certificate Upload page that contain a private key. The certificate you choose from the Network page is linked to the read-only Client Certificate field on the Certificate Upload page. Note: PCoIP only supports one 802.1x client certificate. Ensure your security details are all contained within the one file. The 802.1x certificate must contain a private key.
Enable 802.1X Support for Legacy Switches	When enabled, allows greater 802.1x compatibility for older switches on the network.

Configuring IPv6 Settings

The settings on this page let you enable IPv6 for PCoIP devices connected to an IPv6 network.

You can access this page from the **Configuration > IPv6** menu.

IPv6	
Change the IPv6 network settings for the device	
Enable IPv6:	
Link Local Address:	
Gateway:	
Enable DHCPv6:	
Primary DNS:	
Secondary DNS:	
Domain Name:	
FQDN:	
Enable SLAAC:	
Enable Manual Address: 🗖	
Apply Cancel	

AWI IPv6 Page

Contemporary Reboot
When you make a change to one of the settings on this page, you must reboot your device for the change to take effect.

IPv6 Page Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable IPv6	Enable this field to enable IPv6 for your PCoIP devices.
Link Local Address	This field is automatically populated.
Gateway	Enter the IPv6 gateway address.
Enable DHCPv6	Enable this field to set up Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol version 6 (DHCPv6) for your device.
DHCPv6 Addresses	When DHCPv6 is enabled and the device is rebooted, the server automatically populates these fields with addresses for the device.
Primary DNS	The device's primary DNS IP address. If DHCPv6 is enabled, this field is automatically populated by the DHCPv6 server.
Secondary DNS	The device's secondary DNS IP address. If DHCPv6 is enabled, this field is automatically populated by the DHCPv6 server.
Domain Name	The domain name used (e.g., "domain.local") for the host or client. If DHCPv6 is enabled, this field is automatically populated by the DHCPv6 server.
FQDN	The fully qualified domain name for the host or client. If DHCPv6 is enabled, this field is automatically populated by the DHCPv6 server.
Enable SLAAC	Enable this field to set up Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC) for your devices.
SLAAC Addresses	When SLAAC is enabled and the device is rebooted, these fields are automatically populated.
Enable Manual Address	Enable this field to set up a manual (static) address for the device.
Manual Address	Enter the IP address for the device.

Configuring the Management State

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card can be managed by an endpoint managers such as the PCoIP Management Console should one be available on the network. The AWI Management page tells the host card how to find the manager based on predetermined network deployment security levels. Configuring the security levels for endpoint managers is described in Configuring Endpoint Management Discovery Methods with further information on certificates required for each level of secure configuration found in the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Security Overview.

From the AWI, you can set the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's management state to automatic or manual modes.

Management				
Configure how this device is manage	ed			
Phase:	: Bootstrap			
Management Status:	: Idle			
Security Level	Low Security Environ	nment - Device is discoverable by Endpoint Managers		\sim
Manager Discovery Mode:	Automatic \sim			
	Discovery Method	Discovery Outcome	Endpoint Bootstrap Manager Address	Certificate Fingerprint
Discovery Information:		Failed to find an Endpoint manager address		
	DNS SRV Records	Failed to find an Endpoint manager address		
	Clear Management St	ate		
	Apply Cancel			

AWI Management page - automatic discovery mode

Management	
Configure how this device is manage	d
Phase:	Bootstrap
Management Status:	Idle
Security Level:	Low Security Environment - Device is discoverable by Endpoint Managers 🗸
Manager Discovery Mode:	Manual V
Endpoint Bootstrap Manager URI:	wss://mc.company.local:5172
	Clear Management State
	Apply Cancel

AWI Management page - manual discovery mode

Clearing the Management State

Setting	Default	AWI	Management Console
Clear Management State (a button)	_	~	~

Clearing the management state removes the current endpoint manager information for the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Once the Remote Workstation Card is managed by an endpoint manager, you must clear its management state before the pcoip device can accept a new endpoint manager.

You clear the management state from the AWI Management pages.



To clear the management state:

- 1. From the OSD or AWI, select Configuration > Management.
- 2. From the OSD or AWI Management page, click **Clear Management State** so that the endpoint will accept a new endpoint manager.

3. To save your updates, click **OK** from the OSD, or click **Apply** from the AWI.

Configuring Audio Settings

The Audio page lets you configure audio options for the PCoIP device. You can access this page from the AWI **Configuration > Audio** menu.

After configuring the desired options, click Apply and then Continue to have your changes take effect.
The Audio settings allow audio from an audio device attached to a PCoIP Zero Client be played on the host PC operating system.
Audio
Change audio settings
Enable Audio: 🗹 Note: To enable audio, please ensure that audio is also enabled on the Client.
Enable Audio Line In: This will select the Line In input. If using Microsoft® Windows Vista®/7/8, please ensure you do the following for this feature to function correctly: 1. Run regedit. 2. Search the registry keys for 'PinConfigOverrideVerbs' and delete these registry entries.
Apply Cancel

AWI Host Audio Page

Audio settings on a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card work in tandem with the audio settings on a PCoIP Zero Client. The parameters below further describe how audio works between the two devices.

Audio Page Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable Audio	When enabled, configures audio support on the PCoIP device.
	Note: This property must be enabled on both the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and the PCoIP Zero Client.
	When disabled, the audio hardware is not available for the host operating system to enumerate.
Enable Audio Line In	Determines the input mode the audio system advertises to the host operating system. When enabled, the line-in connector found on the client is used as a standard line-in input. When disabled, the line-in connector found on the client is used as a microphone input.
	Note: Follow the onscreen instructions if you have Windows 7 or 10 installed on the device.

Configuring the Label Settings

The Label page lets you assign a device name to your PCoIP device for easy reference. You can access this page for the host card from the **Configuration > Label** menu.

0030040ddbbc
P is enabled the PCoIP Device Name is sent to the DHCP server as the requested hostname.
-1

AWI Label Page Parameters

Parameter	Description
PCoIP Device Name	Lets you give the host a logical name. The default is pcoip-host-, where is the device's MAC address.
	This field is the name the host registers with the DNS server if DHCP is enabled and the system is configured to support registering the hostname with the DNS server.
	It's important to ensure that the PCoIP Device Name is unique for each endpoint in the network and follows these naming conventions:
	 The first and last character must be a letter (A-Z or a-z) or a digit (0-9). The remaining characters must be letters, digits, hyphens, or underscores. The length must be 63 characters or fewer.
PCoIP Device Description	A description of the device or other information, such as the location of the device's endpoint.
	Note: The firmware does not use this field. It is provided for administrator use only.

Parameter	Description
Generic Tag	Generic tag information about the device.
	Note: The firmware does not use this field. It is provided for administrator use only.

Configuring Access Settings

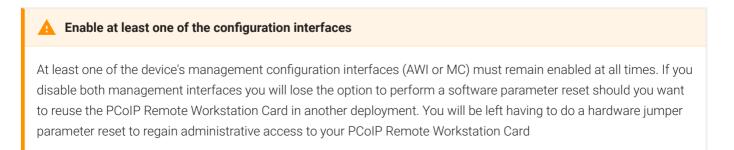
The Access page lets you prevent the PCoIP device from being managed by the MC (or any other PCoIP device management tool), and lets you disable administrative access to the device's AWI. It also provides an option to force an administrative password change the next time the AWI is accessed.

You can access this page from the **Configuration > Access** menu.

Access
Change administrative access settings
Disable Management Console —
Disable Management Console Interface:
Disable Administrative Web Interface:
Force password change on next login:
Apply Cancel

AWI Access Page

These options can also be configured from the PCoIP Management Console 3.1 or newer.



When the **Disable Management Console Interface** is checked, the management console interface on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card cannot be accessed or managed by the MC (or any other PCoIP device management tool).

When checked, the **Disable Administrative Web Interface** on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card cannot be accessed or managed using the AWI.

The Force password change at next login causes the administrative password on the AWI to be changed the next time the AWI is accessed. The new password may be blank.

Configuring Endpoint Management Discovery Methods

From the AWI Management page, you can set the PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards security level and discovery method. See About PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management Security Levels.

In order for DNS or SLP Discovery methods to work, they both must first be enabled on the AWI **Configuration > Discovery** page.

There are several ways to register your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with an endpoint manager such as the PCoIP Management Console. These methods are outlined next.

The methods include:

- Automatic Endpoint Manager Discovery Using DNS
- Configuring Endpoints for Auto Discovery Using DHCP
- Discovering the PCoIP Endpoint Manually from the Endpoint Manager
- Discovering the Endpoint Manager Manually from the PCoIP Endpoint Using Low or Medium Security Mode
- Discovering the Endpoint Manager Manually from the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Using High Security Mode

The availability of these methods are determined by the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's security settings, and whether or not the host card has a certificate installed to trust the endpoint manager.

Automatic Endpoint Manager Discovery Using DNS

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards can use DNS to automatically find an endpoint manager. To use automatic endpoint manager discovery, you must configure the environment for DNS service record discovery, and the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's security level must be set to low or medium.

Medium or high security requires an installed certificate

In order to use medium or high security, the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card must have been provisioned with a certificate.

DNS server configuration information

For details about how to configure your DNS server for automatic discovery, see the PCoIP® Management Console 3.1 Administrators' Guide.

To configure the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card for automatic endpoint discovery:

- 1. From the AWI, select Configuration > Management. The AWI Management page displays.
- 2. Set the Security Level option to Low or Medium.

🛕 Medium security level

When set to medium security, the MC certificate (leaf, intermediate, or root) must be in the endpoint certificate store

- 3. Set the Manager Discovery Mode option to Automatic.
- 4. Click Apply.

After the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card discovers the endpoint manager, the automatic discovery results appear on the Management page in the Discovery Information section.

Configuring your system for automatic discovery

For information about how to configure your system for automatic discovery from the PCoIP Management Console, see the PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Discovering the PCoIP Endpoint Manually from the Endpoint Manager

Endpoint managers, such as the PCoIP Management Console, can be used to discover endpoints like the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. This discovery requires configuration on both the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and the endpoint manager.

To configure the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card to be discoverable by an endpoint manager:

- 1. From the AWI, select Configuration > Management. The AWI Management page displays.
- 2. Set the Security Level option to Low.
- 3. Set the Manager Discovery Mode to Automatic.
- 4. Click Apply.

This configuration allows an endpoint manager the ability to discover the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Once discovered, the endpoint manager topology appears on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management page.

Initiating discovery from the PCoIP Management Console

For more information about initiating discovery from the PCoIP Management Console, see the PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Discovering the Endpoint Manager Manually from the PCoIP Endpoint Using Low or Medium Security Mode

In *low* or *medium* security modes, you can manually discover the endpoint manager by manually providing the URI for its bootstrap server.

🛕 Manual discovery requires a certificate

When manual discovery mode is used, DNS cannot be used to trust the endpoint. An endpoint such as the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card must have been previously provisioned with a certificate.

To configure a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with an endpoint manager in low or medium security mode:

- 1. From the AWI, select Configuration > Management. The AWI Management page is displayed.
- 2. Set the Security Level option to Low or Medium.
- 3. Set the Manager Discovery Mode to Manual.
- 4. In the Manual Discovery section, type the bootstrap server's URI.

Bootstrap server URI must use a secured WebSocket prefix

URIs are in this format and require a secured WebSocket prefix:

wss://<internal EM IP address/FQDN>[:port number]

The PCoIP Management Console's listening port is 5172. If you omit the port number, port 5172 will be used by default.

5. Click Apply.

After the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card discovers the endpoint manager, the endpoint manager topology appears on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management page.

Discovering the Endpoint Manager Manually from the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Using High Security Mode

In high security mode, automatic discovery is disabled entirely; you must register the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card manually with the endpoint manager from the endpoint.

🛕 Manual discovery requires a certificate

When manual discovery mode is used, DNS cannot be used to trust the endpoint manager. The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card must have been previously provisioned with a certificate from an endpoint manager or from the AWI.

To configure a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with an endpoint manager using high security mode:

- 1. From the AWI, select Configuration > Management. The AWI Management page displays.
- 2. Set the Security Level option to High.

3. In the *Endpoint Manager URI for Direct Connect* section, find the Internal URI field and type the endpoint manager's URI. You can also provide an external URI, if needed.



4. Click Apply.

After the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card discovers the endpoint manager, the endpoint manager topology appears on the Management page.

Configuring SNMP

SNMP stands for Simple Network Management Protocol and allows an administrator to monitor hardware and software endpoints through an SNMP agent. The agent can be enabled on the device you are monitoring, and a monitoring station can then view the data. Teradici has provided a MIBv2 and User Guide for download to help collect PCoIP related data on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Access to the SNMP agent is provided by the Community Name.

Community Name

When enabling the SNMP agent, consider changing the Community Name from the default to another name of your choice.

i SNMP Agent

For more information on using the PCoIP SNMP Agent, see Using SNMP with a PCoIP® Device User Guide.

SNMP Management Locations

Setting	Default	AWI	OSD	Management Console
Enable SNMP	Disabled	~	×	~
Community Name	public	~	×	~

From the AWI SNMP page, you can enable or disable the device's SNMP agent.

SNMP	
Change the SNMP configuration	
Enable SNMP: 🔽 Community Name: public	
Apply Cancel	

AWI SNMP page

PCoIP SNMP Agent

For more information on using the PCoIP SNMP Agent, see Using SNMP with a PCoIP® Device User Guide.

To configure SNMP settings:

- 1. From the AWI, select Configuration > SNMP.
- 2. From the AWI SNMP page, do the following:
 - Select or clear the Enable SNMP check box.

When enabled, the device enables the PCoIP SNMP agent to respond to SNMP requests. Disabling the SNMP agent prevents it from responding to SNMP requests and from generating traps. It also ensures that the PCoIP SNMP MIB cannot be accessed.

- For Community Name, enter the SNMP community name used by the device.
- 3. Click Apply.

Configuring a Session

The Session page on the AWI allows you to configure how a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card accepts connections from peer devices. The available connection options depend on two parameters—Accept Any Peer and TLS Security Mode. The Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) option allows network administrators the ability to prioritize PCoIP traffic within their networks, which can also boost PCoIP network performance.

Log Out	PCoIP® Host Card
Home	Configuration / Permissions / Diagnostics / Info / Upload
teradici.	
Session Configure the connection to a device	
Accept Any Peer: Peer MAC Address:	
TLS Security Mode:	Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption ▼
Peer-to-Peer Certificate:	1.) endpoint 🔻
Enable DSCP:	
Enable Congestion Notification:	
	Apply Cancel

AWI Session Page

Accept Any Peer

When enabled this parameter allows compatible clients to connect to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. Deselecting this setting requires you know the MAC address of a client to peer with the host card.

TLS Security Mode and Encryption Ciphers

The PCoIP data stream is always encrypted, however the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and client must have compatible security modes to connect. Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption offers an additional certificate option which must match the configuration on the connecting PCoIP Zero Client. The Suite B option offers the peer-to-peer certificate option for added security. The endpoints will use the AES-256-GCM cipher.

Blacklisted Cipher Suites

The Blacklisted Cipher Suites offer maximum flexibility but should not be used if possible.

The blacklist cipher suites allow an administrator the ability to disable the use of certain cipher suites due to any security concerns. The blacklist allows you to protect your system without requiring a firmware update. At least one cipher suite must remain enabled at all times.

Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP)

DSCP provides PCoIP prioritization capability to compatible network devices, allowing for improved network performance on congested networks.

Parameter	Description
Accept Any Peer	When enabled, the host accepts connections from any client. When disabled, you must specify the MAC address of the peer you want the host to accept.
Peer MAC Address	Enter the MAC address of the client that is allowed to connect to the host. If the Accept Any Peer option is enabled, this field is not required and not editable.
TLS Security Mode (Session Negotiation Cipher)	 Configure the Transport Layer Security (TLS) cipher to use for negotiating the TLS session between the PCoIP client and the PCoIP host. Maximum Compatibility: TLS 1.1 with RSA keys. This option provides maximum compatibility. Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption. This option provides a higher level of security and offers the option of applying a PCoIP Zero Client peer-to-peer certificate.

Session Parameter Options

Configuring a Session

Parameter	Description
Blacklisted Cipher Suites	 The blacklist cipher suites allow an administrator the ability to disable the use of certain cipher suites due to any security concerns. The blacklist allows you to protect your system without requiring a firmware update. At least one cipher suite must remain enabled at all times. TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
PCoIP Data Encryption Ciphers: (Enabled Session Ciphers)	The enabled encryption mode must match between the host and client for a session to be established. A more secure encryption method implemented in second-generation Tera2 processors, AES-256-GCM offers high security and performance between hardware endpoints.

Enable DSCP When enabled, the device populates the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) field in the IP header, allowing intermediate network nodes to prioritize PCoIP traffic accordingly. Enable Transport Congestion Notification When enabled, transport congestion notification is enabled to allow PCoIP endpoints to react accordingly if an intermediate network node sets the congestion notification bit in either the IP header or PCoIP transport header.

Note: For more information about the PCoIP transport header, see PCoIP Packet Format.

Configuring Session Bandwidth

From the AWI Bandwidth page (shown next), you can control the bandwidth that your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card uses during a PCoIP session. The following parameters display on the AWI Bandwidth page:

Bandwidth			
Configure the device bandwidth limit, target and floor			
Device Bandwidth Limit: 90000 kbps (0 = no limit)			
Device Bandwidth Target: 0 kbps (0 = disabled)			
Device Bandwidth Floor: 0 kbps (0 = use default of 1000 kbps)			
Apply Cancel			

AWI Bandwidth page

Three settings found on the AWI Bandwidth page—Device Bandwidth Limit, Device Bandwidth Target, and Device Bandwidth Floor—help the PCoIP protocol use the available network bandwidth effectively.

Device Bandwidth Limit

Enter the maximum bandwidth peak for hosts or clients. When configuring hosts, this setting defines the bandwidth from the host to the client (e.g., graphics data). When configuring clients, it defines the bandwidth from the client to the host (e.g., USB data).

The usable range of the device bandwidth is 1000 to 900000 kbps for Tera2 devices.

The PCoIP processor only uses the required bandwidth up to the **Device Bandwidth Limit** maximum, and dynamically adjusts the bandwidth in response to network congestion. Setting this field to 0 configures the PCoIP processor to use the maximum rate available in the network at any time.

We recommend setting this field to the limit of the network connected to the client and host.

Device Bandwidth Target

Enter the temporary limit on the network bandwidth during periods of congestion. When the host or client detects packet loss, the device bandwidth is rapidly reduced to this value, and then more slowly reduced below it. This allows for a more even distribution of bandwidth between users sharing a congested network link.

Device Bandwidth Floor

Enter the minimum bandwidth when congestion is present and bandwidth is required. This allows you to optimize performance for a network with understood congestion or packet loss. If the bandwidth is not required, the bandwidth used drops below the floor.

When configuring hosts, this setting defines the minimum bandwidth from the host to the client (e.g., graphics data). When configuring clients, it defines the minimum bandwidth from the client to the host (e.g., USB data).

A setting of 0 configures the PCoIP processor to reduce bandwidth to 1000 Kbps during these network impairments. You should have a good understanding of the network topology before setting this to a non-zero value.

PCoIP Algorithm behavior

The firmware implements a slow-start algorithm that increases the bandwidth used until the required bandwidth is reached, network congestion is detected, or the **Device Bandwidth Limit** is met. It begins at the lesser of the **Device Bandwidth Limit** and 8000 Kbps, and increases the bandwidth used within seconds. The slow-start algorithm allows a graceful session startup for low bandwidth scenarios (e.g., WAN scenarios). After initiating a PCoIP session, users may temporarily notice low bandwidth video artifacts as the algorithm ramps up bandwidth use.

You can avoid the slow-start algorithm by setting the bandwidth floor higher than 8000 kbps, but you must ensure your network capacity is large enough or you will create severe session degradation.

Bandwidth Floor incorrectly configured

If the bandwidth floor is accidentally set above the actual capacity of the network, then massive packet loss will result since the device will never drop it's active limit below the floor. This will result in severe session degradation. This is why care must be taken when choosing an appropriate bandwidth floor.

Configuring Image Quality

If desired, you can adjust the quality of the images you see during PCoIP sessions. You can set image quality preferences from the AWI Image page. Image quality and bandwidth settings help to determine the performance of your PCoIP deployment. These settings will control the amount of PCoIP data that flows through your available network bandwidth. Considerations for other network traffic should be made when adjusting these settings. The default settings (40, 90, 0) have been found to be beneficial for a wide variety of networks.

Image			
Adjust the image quality.			
A lower minimum image quality will allow a higher frame rate when network bandwidth is limited.			
Use Client Image Settings: 🗹			
Minimum 50 Image Quality:			
Maximum Initial Image Quality:			
Maximum Frame Rate: 0 fps (0 = no limit)			
Disable Build To Lossless:			
Apply Cancel			

AWI Image page

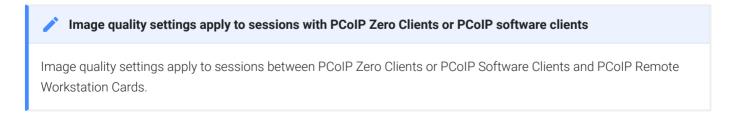


Image Parameters

Parameter	Description
Use Client Image Settings	The client image settings only take effect in a PCoIP session with a PCoIP Zero Client. This allows different PCoIP clients with different settings to configure the optimal image settings for network connections between them and the Remote Workstation Card. It is only advised to clear this checkbox and override the image settings on the Remote Workstation Card if one is unable to modify the image quality settings on the client. One example is with software clients which do not expose the image quality settings to the end user.
Minimum Image Quality	Enables you to compromise image quality and frame rate when network bandwidth is limited. Some use cases may require lower-quality images at a higher frame rate while others need higher- quality images at a lower frame rate.
(default 40)	In environments where the network bandwidth is constrained, reduce the number to enable higher frame rates. Increase the number to enable higher image quality through lower frame rates providing a perception-free quality. When network bandwidth is not constrained, the PCoIP system maintains perception-free quality regardless of the Minimum Image Quality parameter. The Maximum Initial Image Quality must be greater than or equal to the Minimum Image Quality .
Maximum Initial Image Quality	Decreasing the number reduces the network bandwidth peaks caused by screen content changes, but produces lower quality images. Increasing this value produces higher quality images but also higher bandwidth peaks.
(default 90)	This parameter limits the initial quality on the first display frame of a screen change. Unchanged regions of the image are built to a lossless state regardless of this parameter.
	The Maximum Initial Image Quality must be greater than or equal to the Minimum Image Quality.
Maximum Frame Rate (default 0)	The maximum frame rate helps you manage multiple PCoIP sessions over a single network link. This setting determines the limit that your users can reach. Set this field to 0 to set no frame limit. If you set a value, a single user is limited to that value. This helps to control the user experience for all your users.

Parameter	Description			
Disable Build to Lossless	Clear this check box to retain the PCoIP protocol's build-to-lossless feature, where images continue to be refined in the background until they reach a fully lossless state (that is, identical pixel-for-pixel rendering when compared to the host image source). This is the default (recommended) setting.			
	Warning: Selecting the Disable Build to Lossless check box degrades images.			
	Selecting the Disable Build to Lossless check box degrades the images presented to the user. Don't select this check box unless your administrator decides that users don't require optimal image quality to perform critical functions.			
	If you select this check box, the PCoIP protocol rapidly builds the client image to a high quality			

image that may be perceptually lossless, but is not a fully lossless state. This may provide some bandwidth savings, but is not recommended for use cases that require images and desktop content to be truly lossless.

Configuring Monitor Emulation

The Monitor Emulation page lets you enable or disable monitor emulation for the video ports on your remote workstation. You can access this page from the Configuration > Monitor Emulation menu.

Some PCs and workstations do not boot if a display is not attached. The monitor emulation feature presents a generic display to ensure the boot process completes. When a session is connected, the client display information is sent to the host. For further details about Teradici's monitor emulation feature, see Monitor Emulation.

		Emulation	+
	Monitor	Emiliotion	ontion
		LIIIUIAUVII	ODUOII
~			

If monitor emulation is performed in hardware for a device, the AWI **Configuration** menu will not have a **Monitor Emulation** option.

Monitor Emulation

With monitor emulation disabled, the host will only respond to display data channel queries when in a session. With monitor emulation enabled, the host will **always** respond to display data channel queries. This feature is applicable on the host only.

Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 1:	v	
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 2:	•	
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 3:		
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 4:		
Monitor Emulation Options		
Enable Host Hot-Plug Delay:		
Enable Accelerated Monitor Emulation:		
	Apply	Cancel

AWI Tera2 Host Monitor Emulation Page

AWI Tera2 Host Monitor Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 1	 When enabled, the host responds to all Display Data Channel (DDC) queries, regardless of whether a PCoIP session is active. If a session is not active, the host provides emulated DDC data. If a session is active, the host provides actual DDC data gathered from the monitor connected to the client's port 1 connector. The ports are mapped one-to-one and in sequential order (e.g., client port 1 to emulated port 1, and so on). When disabled, the host only responds to Display Data Channel (DDC) queries when a PCoIP session is active and a client display is attached. Note: Enabling this field can help resolve problems where video is not present at the client.
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 2	This field affects DDC queries for the port 2 connector, and provides functionality identical to that for the port 1 connector.
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 3	This field affects DDC queries for the port 3 connector, and provides functionality identical to that for the port 1 connector.
Enable Monitor Emulation on Video Port 4	This field affects DDC queries for the port 4 connector, and provides functionality identical to that for the port 1 connector.
Enable Host Hot-Plug Delay	When enabled, allows lengthier hot plug de-assert/assert profiles on the host. Enabling this feature allows the host to resolve black screen issues with certain Linux GPU driver timing expectations.
Enable Accelerated Monitor Emulation	When enabled, this property accelerates the delivery of EDID information to host systems that boot up very quickly (e.g., faster than five seconds), causing blank screens on the remote end. Typically, these are systems with solid-state drives (SSDs).

Configuring Time Settings

The Time page lets you configure Network Time Protocol (NTP) parameters to allow the host event logs to be time-stamped based on NTP time.

Time Parameter Limitations

- If the host is configured for DHCP and the DHCP server provides an NTP server address, this address will override any manually configured NTP server. It will also enable NTP if it is disabled.
- The host does not get time zone or Daylight Saving Time (DST) information from the NTP server.

You can access this page from the **Configuration > Time** menu.

Time		
Change the local time configuration		
Current time:	03/24/2014 16:56:09	
Enable NTP:	V	
Identify NTP Host by:	○ IP address ④ FQDN	
NTP Host DNS Name:	ntp.teradici.local	
NTP Host Port:	123	
NTP Query Interval:	1 Day(s)	
Time Zone:	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada)	•
Enable Daylight Saving Time:		
	Apply Cancel	

AWI Time Page

d Time stamps in event logs

To simplify system troubleshooting, set the NTP parameters to allow user events to correlate with the relevant diagnostic event log entries.

AWI Time Page Parameters

Parameter	Description
Current Time	Displays the time based on the NTP.
Enable NTP	Enable or disable the NTP feature.
Identify NTP Host by	 Select if the NTP host is identified by IP address or by fully qualified domain name (FQDN). If NTP is disabled, this field is not required and is not editable. If you enter an invalid IP address or DNS name, a message appears to prompt you to correct it. The parameter depends on which method you choose. IP Address: Shows the NTP Host IP address FQDN: Shows the NTP Host DNS name
NTP Host Port	Configure the port number of the NTP server. The default NTP server port value is 123.
NTP Query Interval	Configure the query interval. The first field is for the interval period and the second field is for the time unit in minutes, hours, days, or weeks.
Time Zone	Select the local time zone.
Enable Daylight Savings Time	Enable or disable the automatic adjustment for Daylight Saving Time (DST).

Configuring Power Options

Once your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and remote power cable is installed on the host PC motherboard, you can configure the power settings in the AWI. There are two selections for the **Host Wake Option** and only one for the **Enable Wake-on-LAN (WoL)** parameter. These parameters determine how the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card will behave when a remote power command issued. A prerequisite for using WoL is that the workstation's PCIe slot provides sufficient standby power to the host card.

Remote Power Button: If this option is selected and you have the Remote Workstation Card power button cable installed, you will be able to change the host PC power state by asserting the workstation's front panel power button.

PCIe Wake Input: If this option is selected, you will have the option to wake the host PC by asserting the PCIe WAKEB signal.

Enable Wake-on-LAN: This parameter must be selected to provide the host PC the option to being turned on (wakened) remotely. When the workstation is asleep or shut down, the host card operates in low-power mode in which all functions are disabled except WOL Magic Packet detection. In this mode, the host card monitors the network for a WOL Magic Packet that matches its MAC address. Once the host card receives the WOL Magic Packet, it powers on the workstation by either asserting the workstation's front panel power button or the PCIe WAKEB signal. A prerequisite for using either option is that the workstation's PCIe slot can provide sufficient standby power to the host card.

Activating Wake-on-LAN magic packet

PCoIP Zero Client users send Wake-on-LAN magic packets to the Remote Workstation Card by:

- pressing any key on the keyboard (only if a PCoIP session is already active)
- clicking the PCoIP Zero Client onscreen Connect button
- by pressing the power button on the PCoIP Zero Client (only if you installed the host card's power button cable)

Jumpers

All external connectors on Tera2 PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards are for diagnostic purposes. Jumpers J15 and J25 are configurable and their functions are described below.

The picture below shows the location of the jumpers on a Tera2 PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.



Jumper J15 Reset Parameters

This jumper will reset parameters on the host card back to factory default settings.

To reset:

- 1. Place the jumper on pins 2 and 3 on a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. If installed into the host PC, ensure the host PC has no power supplied to it.
- 2. Power on the host PC and wait until the heartbeat pulse is visible on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. The PCoIP heartbeat LED flashes twice quickly followed by a slight pause.
- 3. Power down the host PC containing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.
- 4. Put jumper back to pin 1-2.
- 5. Power on the host PC.

Software Reset Parameters

Using jumper 15 is generally not required as you can reset the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card parameters from the AWI (**Configuration > Reset Parameters**).

Jumper J25 Isolated Ground

Adjustment of the ground jumper is not normally required. The power button output from the host card is isolated so that it can be connected to the motherboard in either polarity. Some motherboards do not work with an isolated input and thus require the ground jumper to be installed. This is done by shorting pins 2-3 which requires the power cable to match polarity with the motherboard pins. When left on the default settings (pins 1-2 shorted), the polarity of the power cable is ignored as the power button is now isolated.

LEDs

There are 4 LEDs on the back of the Tera2 PCoIP Remote Workstation Card that serve the same purpose on both the dual and quad cards. The 2 PCoIP LEDs show the health of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and the 2 NIC LEDs indicate the NIC status.



• PCoIP Heartbeat Red LED has a heartbeat icon above it. This LED will normally blink indicating normal operation

- PCoIP Status Green LED has a PCoIP icon below it. This LED will be solid green when in session.
- NIC RJ45 Green LED indicates network activity. This LED blinks during network activity indicating normal operation.
- NIC RJ45 Yellow LED indicates the connections state and is solid when a network connection is established.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Security Overview

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards are easy to manage devices that offer a rich user experience and allow for ultra-secure data transfer. They are available in a variety of form factors from a number of trusted OEMs. With embedded hardware support for PCoIP from the TERA chipset by Teradici, PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards are a natural choice wherever security and performance are critical. The security section of this manual contains configuration options that affect the security of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

Data Control

When control and lockdown of sensitive data are a primary objective, PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards enable an environment where no application data ever leaves the host PC. The host PC sends only encrypted PCoIP data to the PCoIP client where no sensitive application data is ever processed or stored. In a PCoIP session the data is separated into management channel and media (display data, USB data, and audio network traffic) stream, both encrypted.

Encryption

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards support the following encryption types.

TLS Security Mode for session negotiation security.

- Maximum Compatibility: TLS 1.1 or higher with RSA keys
- Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption

PCoIP Data Encryption Ciphers for session security:

• AES-256-GCM

To establish a PCoIP session the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card exchanges information with several services while connecting to endpoint managers, connection managers, and PCoIP clients. These encryption methods are discussed in Security Cipher Suites.

802.1x Network Authentication

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards support 802.1x network device authentication using EAP-TLS certificates. With 802.1x network authentication, all network end devices must be authenticated before they are granted access to the network. This is a typical method of device authentication for high security environments, providing an additional layer of security beyond username and password credentials.

See Configuring 802.1x Network Device Authentication in the "How To" section for instructions on how to configure PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards for this type of authentication.

Management Security Level

The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is set to the most flexible management state by default settings. The lowest security setting enables the host be manually discovered by an endpoint management tool and verified by its certificate fingerprint. To further secure PCoIP Remote Workstation Card management, two additional security level options are available—Medium Security Environment and High Security Environment. See About PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management Security Levels for further information.

Securing Your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card

The security needs of your deployment are driven by your specific environment. You can configure PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards to meet security requirements for a range of scenarios, from high-security environments to trusted environments.

Securing your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card involves some or all of these tasks, depending on your deployment needs:

• Peering to your PCoIP Zero Client: Adding a peer-to-peer certificate allows for a secure connection between dedicated Remote Workstation Cards and PCoIP Zero Clients. See Peering Remote Workstation Cards to PCoIP Zero Clients

Best Security Practices

Teradici highly recommends using custom peer-to-peer certificates to create a more secure environment when connecting to your Remote Workstation Card. Contact your IT department to ensure your deployment is in accordance with your Company's security policy.

- Uploading certificates to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card: Depending on the certificate checking mode you choose, you may have to upload server certificates to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's certificate store. See Uploading Certificates.
- Configuring the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with an endpoint manager. Configure your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card for either automatic or manual discovery by an endpoint manager. See About PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management Security Levels.
- **Configuring 802.1x Network Device Authentication:** Configure 802.1x network device authentication for enhanced security. See Configuring 802.1x Network Device Authentication.
- Configuring Access to Management Tools: Configure a PCoIP device management tool from managing the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, disable administrative access to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's AWI, or force an administrative password change the next time someone accesses the AWI. See Configuring Access Settings.

III tip" You can access additional security functionality from the PCoIP Management Console" You can configure security settings for multiple devices from the PCoIP Management Console, as well

as access additional AWI security settings such as disabling the AWI. For more information, see the PCoIP Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Using an Endpoint Manager

An installed certificate is required to connect to an endpoint manager in medium or high security levels; however, out of the box, the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card's local certificate store is empty and it can only connect using the low security level.

To deploy a system using *medium* or *high* security settings, you must stage the device by connecting to an endpoint manager in low security mode and installing any required certificates or installing the certificate from the AWI.

Once the certificate has been installed, you can connect using any security level.

In some deployments, administrators choose to remove administration of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card by the PCoIP Management Console or AWI which adds an additional layer of security.

Configuring Access Settings

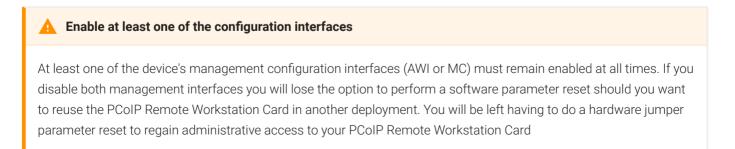
The Access page lets you prevent the PCoIP device from being managed by the MC (or any other PCoIP device management tool), and lets you disable administrative access to the device's AWI. It also provides an option to force an administrative password change the next time the AWI is accessed.

You can access this page from the **Configuration > Access menu**.

Access
Change administrative access settings
Disable Management Console
Disable Management Console Interface:
Disable Administrative Web Interface:
Force password change on next login:
Apply Cancel

AWI Access Page

These options can also be configured from the PCoIP Management Console 3.1 or newer.



When the **Disable Management Console Interface** is checked, the management console interface on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card cannot be accessed or managed by the MC (or any other PCoIP device management tool).

When checked, the **Disable Administrative Web Interface** on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card cannot be accessed or managed using the AWI.

The Force password change at next login causes the administrative password on the AWI to be changed the next time the AWI is accessed. The new password may be blank.

About PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Management Security Levels

There are three available management security level settings in the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card: *low, medium*, and *high*. These settings determine whether the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card can be discovered by an endpoint manager, how an endpoint manager can be discovered by the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, and also dictate whether a certificate must be installed in the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card for discovery to succeed.

The management security level is configured on the Management page of the AWI (see Configuring the Management State). Detailed instructions for allowing discovery under most scenarios, including security level settings, are described in Configuring Endpoint Management Discovery Methods.

The general implications of each security mode are summarized in the following table and described in detail next.

Discovery Mode definition

The Discovery Mode setting on the Management page, described here, configures how endpoint managers are discovered by the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

Discovery in this context does not refer to discovery of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card by endpoint managers. For instructions on having an endpoint manager discover your PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, see Configuring Endpoint Management Discovery Methods.

The following table shows the Remote Workstation Card behavior in the three management security modes.

No High Security Automatic Discovery

In high security mode, there is no automatic discovery of the management tool by the Remote Workstation Card.

Behaviour	Low Automatic	Low Manual	Medium Automatic	Medium Manual	High Manual
Can be discovered by endpoint managers	~	~	×	×	×
Can automatically discover endpoint managers using DNS	~	:fa- times	~	:fa- times	:fa- times
Can trust endpoint managers using DNS or DHCP	~	:fa- times	:fa-times	:fa- times	:fa- times
Can manually connect to endpoint managers	:fa-times	~	:fa-times	~	~
Can trust endpoint managers using an installed certificate	~	~	~	~	~

Low Security Mode

In low security mode, both automatic and manual discovery methods are available. Certificates are not required in automatic manager discovery mode if the DNS server is configured to provision the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card with the URI of the endpoint manager's bootstrap server and its certificate fingerprint.

In automatic discovery mode the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

- can use DNS or DHCP to automatically discover endpoint managers.
- is discoverable by endpoint managers.
- can use DNS to trust the endpoint manager. DNS must be configured to provision your endpoint with the URI and certificate fingerprint of the endpoint manager's bootstrap server.

DNS server configuration information

For details about how to configure your DNS server for automatic discovery, see the PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

In manual discovery mode:

• the endpoint must be manually configured with the endpoint manager's bootstrap server URI.

- the endpoint is discoverable by endpoint managers.
- the endpoint does NOT require an installed certificate to trust the endpoint manager.

Certificates installed on the endpoint

If a certificate for the endpoint manager has not previously been installed by an endpoint manager in the endpoints certificate store, one must be installed by the endpoint manager or AWI. See Using an Endpoint Manager.

Medium Security Mode

In *medium* security mode, the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card cannot be discovered by endpoint managers. The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card can discover endpoint managers automatically or manually. Certificates are required in medium security mode.

Certificates installed on the endpoint

If a certificate for the endpoint manager has not previously been installed by an endpoint manager in the endpoints certificate store, one must be installed by the endpoint manager or AWI. See Using an Endpoint Manager.

In automatic discovery mode the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

- can use DNS or DHCP to automatically discover endpoint managers.
- is not discoverable by endpoint managers.
- must have an installed certificate to trust the endpoint manager.

In manual discovery mode the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

- is not discoverable by endpoint managers.
- must be manually configured with the endpoint manager's bootstrap server URI.
- must have an installed certificate to trust the endpoint manager.

High Security Mode

In high security mode, the discovery bootstrap phase is disabled.

All settings must be manually configured, and certificates are required.

• cannot use DNS or DHCP automatic discovery.

Certificates installed on the endpoint

If a certificate for the endpoint manager has not previously been installed by an endpoint manager in the endpoints certificate store, one must be installed by the endpoint manager or AWI. See Using an Endpoint Manager.

In manual discovery mode the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

- is not discoverable by endpoint managers.
- must be manually configured with the endpoint managers' internal (and, optionally, external) URI.
- must have an installed certificate to trust the endpoint manager.

About Certificates

Certificates can be used to trust endpoint managers at all security levels, but are required when using medium or high security.

If a PCoIP Management Console certificate is required, you can use an issuer certificate—either the *root CA certificate*, or the *leaf certificate* used to issue the PCoIP Management Console's public key certificate—or the PCoIP Management Console's *public key certificate*.

PCoIP Management Console certificates

For complete information about PCoIP Management Console components, including the Endpoint Bootstrap Manager and PCoIP Management Console certificates, see the PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Customer peer-to-peer certificates can also be used to secure PCoIP Zero Clients connecting to Remote Workstation Cards in your deployment. See Peering Remote Workstation Cards to PCoIP Zero Clients and Uploading Certificates for further details on how to upload and apply peer-to-peer certificates.

OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol)

OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol) is currently not supported on PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards.

Uploading Certificates

You can upload and manage your CA root and client certificates for PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards from the AWI's Certificate Upload page, shown next.

<u>Log Out</u>		PCoIP® Host Car	d	
Home	Configuration / Permissions	/ Diagnostics / Info / Upload		
teradici.				
Certificate Upload				
Upload a certificate in PEM format (M	lust be < 10238 bytes). For 802.1X and	Peer-to-Peer certificates, the certificates	te must contain the p	rivate key as well.
Certificate filename:	Browse No file selected.	Upload (Limit of 16 certificates)		
Available Storage:	161840 bytes			
	Erase All Certificates			
Uploaded Certificates:	Subject:	Issued By:	Expiration Date:	
	1) Philip Suite B Root CA	Philip Suite B Root CA	06/23/2024	Details Remove
	2) endpoint	Philip Suite B Root CA	01/01/2020	Details Remove
Selected Peer-to-Peer Certificate:	2.) endpoint	(Configured in Sessio	n settings)	
Selected 802.1X Client Certificate:		(Configured in Netwo	rk settings)	
	Apply Cancel			

AWI Certificate Upload Page

The maximum certificate size that you can upload from the AWI is 10,237 bytes. You can upload up to 16 certificates providing you don't exceed the maximum storage size of 98,112 bytes. The available storage field lets you know how much space is left in the certificate store.



Use the following when you use 802.1x authentication:

- 802.1x authentication requires two certificates—an 802.1x client certificate and an 802.1x server CA root certificate.
- The 802.1x client certificate must be in .pem format and contain a private key that uses RSA encryption. If the certificate is in a different format, you must first convert the certificate, including the private key, to .pem format before uploading it.
- After uploading the 802.1x client certificate from the Certificate Upload page, you must configure 802.1x authentication from the Network page. This entails enabling 802.1x authentication, entering an identity string for the device, selecting the correct 802.1x client certificate from the drop-down list, and applying your settings.
- The 802.1x server CA root certificate must be in .pem format, but should not need to contain a private key. If the certificate is in a different format, you must convert it to .pem format before uploading it. This certificate does not require configuration from the Network page.
- Both the 802.1x client certificate and the 802.1x server CA root certificate must be less than 10,238 bytes; otherwise, you will not be able to upload them. Some certificate files may contain multiple certificates. If your certificate file is too large and it has multiple certificates within, you can open the file in a text editor, copy and save each certificate to its own file.

The following settings display on the AWI Certificate Upload page.

Parameter	Description
Certificate filename	Upload up to a maximum of 16 root and client certificates.
Available Storage:	Amount of remaining storage space to add additional certificates.
Uploaded Certificates	This displays any uploaded certificates. To delete an uploaded certificate, click the Remove button. The deletion process occurs after the device is rebooted. To view the details of a certificate, click the Details button. These certificates appear as options in the Client Certificate drop-down menu on the Network page.

Certificate Upload Parameters

Parameter	Description
Selected Peer-to- Peer Certificate	This is a read-only field. It is linked to the Peer-to-Peer Certificate field on the Session page.
802.1X Client Certificate	This is a read-only field. It is linked to the Client Certificate field on the Network page.

To upload a certificate to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

- 1. From the AWI, select the **Upload > Certificate**.
- 2. Browse to the folder containing the certificate file. This file will have a .pem extension.
- 3. Double-click the correct * .pem certificate file.
- 4. Click Upload.
- 5. Click **OK** to confirm that you want to proceed with the upload.
- 6. Click Continue.

If the certificate uploads successfully, it will appear in the Uploaded Certificates list on this page.

Peering Remote Workstation Cards to PCoIP Zero Clients

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards can be peered (paired) to PCoIP Zero Clients using custom certificates to establish a PCoIP peer-to-peer connection that is unique to your environment. This optional but recommended configuration allows for a more secure connection then the default connection. The Remote Workstation Card must have a root certificate and custom peer-to-peer certificate in their certificate store, and the custom certificate which trusts the other device's selected peer-to-peer certificate must be applied to the Peer-to-Peer Certificate field.

Matching PCoIP Zero Client configurations

Ensure you follow the peer-to-peer procedure on your PCoIP Zero Client before attempting to connect to it. See the PCoIP Zero Client Administrators' Guide for details.

Support for Peer-to-Peer Certificates

The peer-to-peer connection using certificates supports connections between PCoIP Zero Clients and Remote Workstation Cards only.

To configure a peer-to-peer connection from a PCoIP Zero Client:

1. Upload your custom peer-to-peer certificate and your root certificate to your Remote Workstation Card certificate store. See Uploading Certificates for details.

PCoIP Zero Client Certificate

Ensure the desired trusted certificate is uploaded to the connecting PCoIP Zero Client

- 2. From the AWI Session page select whether one client or multiple clients can connect to your Remote Workstation Card.
 - Select **Accept Any Peer** if you want any properly configured PCoIP Zero Client to be able to connect to your Remote Workstation Card.

- De-select Accept Any Peer and enter the Peer MAC Address of the specific PCoIP Zero Client you want connecting to your Remote Workstation Card.
- 3. Select the TLS Security Mode option Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption.
- 4. Select the correct **Peer-to-Peer Certificate** from the drop down list. (If it is not displayed, you have not yet uploaded it to the certificate store)

Log Out	PCoIP® Host Card
Home	Configuration / Permissions / Diagnostics / Info / Upload
teradici.	
- ·	
Session	
Configure the connection to a device	
Accept Any Peer:	
Peer MAC Address:	00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00
TLS Security Mode:	Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption 🗸
Peer-to-Peer Certificate:	2.) endpoint 🗸
PCoIP Data Encryption Ciphers:	
	AES-256-GCM: 🗹
	AES-128-GCM: 🗹
Enable DSCP:	
Enable Congestion Notification:	
	Apply Cancel

5. Select Apply and then Continue.

• If a custom peer to peer certificate is applied and a connection is made, and the custom certificates are removed from the certificate store on either device, a subsequent connection will not establish.
A connection reset is required before changes will take affect.

High Security Settings Checklist

The following table provides a list of PCoIP Remote Workstation Card security settings that are frequently used in high security deployments. Your network administrator or your security advisor must determine whether these settings are appropriate for your own network environment. The most secure options are shown and are presented in the order seen in the AWI.

PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Security Settings

Configuration Category	Setting Name	Setting
Initial Setup	Accept Any Client	False
Network	Enable 802.1x Security	True
Network	Enable 802.1x Authentication Identity	Enter the username configured for the 802.1x authentication
Management	Security Level	High Security Environment - Bootstrap phase disabled
Access	Disable Management Console Interface	False Warning: Disabling both the Management Console and AWI interfaces will make your hostcard unmanageable unless a factory reset is performed on the card
Access	Disable Administrative Web Interface	True
Access	Force password change on next login	True
Discovery	Enable SLP Discovery	False
SNMP	Enable SNMP	False

Configuration Category	Setting Name	Setting
Session	Accept Any Peer	False
Session	TLS Security Mode	Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption
Session	Peer-to-Peer Certificate	If a custom certificate is uploaded then it will appear in the Peer-to- Peer Certificate field and you will be able to select it to be used for PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card peer-to-peer connections
Session	PCoIP Data Encryption Ciphers	AES-256-GCM
Session	Enable DSCP	False
USB	Authorized Devices	 Enter the USB rule, class, sub class and protocol of <i>authorized</i> USB devices bridged to the host PC to gain access to the USB device. Example: To allow USB access to HID devices only, click Add New and configure these settings: Authorized: Rule Type: Class Device Class: Human Interface Device Sub Class: Any Protocol: Any Unauthorization rules. Delete any existing rules. When there are no rules, the MC displays two radio buttons on the Manage Profiles page. Select Erase the device's existing USB unauthorizations and replace them with an empty set.

Configuration Category	Setting Name	Setting
USB	Unauthorized Devices	Enter the rule, class, sub class and protocol of <i>unauthorized</i> USB devices that are bridged to the host PC to prevent access to the USB device from the host PC.
		Example: To allow USB access to all devices except mass storage, click Add New and configure these settings.
		Authorized:
		Rule Type: Class
		Device Class: Any
		Sub Class: Any
		Protocol: Any
		Unauthorized:
		Rule Type: Class
		Device Class: Mass Storage
		Sub Class: Any
		Protocol: Any
Certificate	N/A	Stores certificates for 802.1x and certificates for secure
Store		connections using the management protocol allowing
		management of the Remote Workstation Card

Security Cipher Suites

Security cipher suites are sets of security algorithms or methods that help secure a network connection. The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card exchanges information with several services while connecting to endpoint managers, connection managers, and PCoIP hosts. The various communication phases are described here together with the set of cipher suites available to each phase. The topics include:

- Encrypting Browser Connections
- Encrypting Endpoint Discovery
- Encrypting Endpoint Manager Administration
- Encrypting PCoIP Session Negotiation with PCoIP Clients
- In-Session Encryption

Encrypting Browser Connections

You can manage PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards using a browser connection to the AWI. These secure connections require Transport Layer Session TLS 1.2 compliant browsers.

The following cipher suites (listed in order of preference) are used to secure a browser connection to the AWI:

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

Recommended web browsers

Recommended web browsers are Firefox, Chrome, and Edge.

Encrypting Endpoint Discovery

PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards that are not managed by an endpoint manager, such as the PCoIP Management Console, listen for incoming discovery requests.

When an endpoint discovery request from an endpoint manager is received by the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, communications between the endpoint manager and the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card are established securely using one of the following cipher algorithms:

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

Minimum SSL version

There is a minimum required SSL version of TLS 1.1.

Encrypting Endpoint Manager Administration

Once an endpoint manager discovers a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card, it uses the PCoIP Management Protocol to administer the endpoint. Communications between endpoint managers and PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards use one of the following cipher suites:

- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

Minimum SSL version

There is a minimum required SSL version of TLS 1.2.

Encrypting PCoIP Session Negotiation with PCoIP Clients

After user authentication and resource selection, PCoIP sessions are negotiated between the PCoIP client and the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card. These negotiations take place before the PCoIP session is established, and are secured using either Max Compatibility or Suite B cipher suites.

Maximum Compatibility cipher suites allow secure negotiation under a variety of different cipher suites to offer flexibility for your network security requirements. The Available negotiation cipher suites are:

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

Minimum SSL version

These Maximum Compatibility security level cipher suites have a minimum required SSL version of TLS 1.1.

Suite B security level cipher suite has a minimum required SSL version of TLS 1.2, and applies only to Remote Workstation Card connections. It offers the greatest security for negotiating session connections with a PCoIP client. The available suite B cipher suite is:

• TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

In-Session Encryption

Once a PCoIP session has been negotiated and the connection established, the AES-256-GCM session encryption algorithm is used. This algorithm will secure all PCoIP communications during an active PCoIP session.

Configuring 802.1x Network Device Authentication

This section describes the components you need to configure 802.1x authentication, and the detailed steps you need to follow to configure the authentication. The 802.1x configurable options are listed in table form and show the default settings and where the options can be managed from.

Preparing for 802.1x Configuration

Before you begin the configuration process, make sure you have these components:

- PCoIP Management Console 3.1 or later
- Windows Server 2008 R2 with AD DS (Active Directory Domain Services)
- Windows Server 2008 R2 with AD CS (Active Directory Certificate Services)
- Windows Server 2008 R2 with NPS (Network Policy and Access Services)
- A switch with 802.1x support configured

Configuring Devices for 802.1x Authentication

To configure 802.1x device authentication, complete the following steps:

- 1. Create a Client User.
- 2. Export the Root CA Certificate.
- 3. Create a Certificate Template for Client Authentication.
- 4. Issue the Client Certificate.
- 5. Export the Client Certificate.
- 6. Convert the Certificate Format from .pfx to .pem.
- 7. Import the Client Certificate into the Client User Account.
- 8. Import the Certificates to the Client Device.

The following sections assume you are using Windows Server 2008 R2

The instructions in the following sections are based on Windows Server 2008 R2. If you are using a newer version of Windows Server, the steps may vary slightly.

Create a Client User

In the Windows 2008 server, create a client user.

To create a client user:

- 1. Log in to the Windows 2008 server.
- 2. Click Start > Administrative Tools > Server Manager.
- Navigate to Roles > Active Directory Domain Services > Active Directory Users and Computers > <domain.local> > Users.
- 4. Right-click Users, select New > User, and follow the wizard.

Export the Root CA Certificate

In the Certificate Authority (CA) server, export the root CA certificate.

To export the root CA certificate:

- 1. Log in to the Certificate Authority (CA) server.
- 2. Open a Microsoft Management Console window (for example, enter **mmc.exe** in the **Start** menu search field).
- 3. From the console window, select File > Add/Remove Snap-in.
- 4. Add the Certificates snap-in, selecting Computer account and then Local computer.
- 5. Click Finish, and OK to close the Add or Remove Snap-ins dialog.
- From the console, select Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates.
- 7. In the right panel, right-click the certificate, and select All Tasks > Export.

- 8. Follow the wizard to export the certificate:
 - a. Select Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER).
 - b. Click Browse, specify a name and location for the certificate, and then click Save.
 - c. Click Finish, and then click OK.

Create a Certificate Template for Client Authentication

In the CA server, create a certificate template for client authentication.

To create a certificate template for client authentication:

- 1. From the CA server, click Start > Administrative Tools > Certification Authority.
- 2. Expand the tree for your CA.
- 3. Right-click Certificate Templates, and then click Manage.
- 4. Right-click the Computer template, and then click **Duplicate Template**.
- 5. Configure the template as follows:
 - a. From the Compatibility tab, select Windows Server 2003.
 - b. From the General tab, enter a name for the template (for example, PCoIP Remote Workstation Card 802.1x) and change the validity period to match the organization's security policy.
 - c. From the Request Handling tab, select Allow private key to be exported.
 - d. From the Subject Name tab, select Supply in the request.
 - e. From the Security tab, select the user who will be requesting the certificate, and give Enroll permission to this user.
 - f. Click **OK** and close the Certificate Templates Console window.
- 6. From the Certification Authority window, right-click **Certificate Templates**, select **New**, and then click **Certificate Template to Issue**.
- 7. Select the certificate you just created (that is, **PCoIP Remote Workstation Card 802.1x**), and then click **OK**. The template will now appear in the Certificate Templates list.
- 8. Close the window.

Issue the Client Certificate

From the CA Web Enrollment interface for the certificate server, issue the client certificate.

To issue the client certificate:

Vse Internet Explorer to log in to certificate server

Do not use any other browser except Internet Explorer to log into the certificate server.

- 1. Using Internet Explorer on your local machine, go to your Certificate Authority URL using the format https://<server>/certsrv/ (for example, https://ca.domain.local/certsrv/).
- 2. Click Request a certificate and then click advanced certificate request.
- 3. Click Create and submit a request to this CA.
- 4. From the pop-up window, click Yes.
- 5. Fill out the Advanced Certificate Request form as follows:
 - a. In the Certificate Template section, select the certificate for clients (for example, **Remote Workstation Card 802.1x**).
 - b. In the Identifying Information for Offline Template section, enter the account name in the Name field. The other fields are not required.

🛕 Enter the same name as the universal principal name of the client user

The name you enter in the Name field must be the universal principal name (UPN) of the client user you created in Create a Client User (for example, remoteworkstationcard@mydomain.local).

- c. In the Additional Options section, set the Request Format to PKCS10.
- d. If desired, enter a name in the Friendly Name field.
- e. Click Submit, and then click Yes at the pop-up window.
- f. From the Certificate Issued window, click Install this certificate.

Export the Client Certificate

From the machine on which you issued the certificate, export the client certificate.

To export the client certificate:

- 1. From the machine on which you issued the certificate, open a Microsoft Management Console window (for example, enter **mmc.exe** in the **Start** menu search field).
- 2. From the console window, select **File > Add/Remove** Snap-in.
- 3. Add the Certificates snap-in, selecting **My user account**.
- 4. Click Finish, and then click OK to close the Add or Remove Snap-ins dialog.
- 5. Select Certificates Current User > Personal > Certificates.
- 6. In the right panel, right-click the certificate, and select All Tasks > Export.
- 7. Follow the wizard to export the certificate:
 - a. Click Yes, export the private key.
 - b. Select Personal Information Exchange PKCS #12 (.PFX).
 - c. Enter a password for the certificate.
 - d. Click Browse, specify a name and location for the certificate, and then click Save.
 - e. Click Finish, and then click OK.
- Repeat Steps 5 to 7 again to export the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card certificate, but this time without the private key (No, do not export the private key), selecting the DER encoded binary X.
 509 (.CER) format instead of the PKCS format.
- 9. Save this .cer file to a location where it can be accessed by the Windows 2008 server and imported into Active Directory.

Convert the Certificate Format from .pfx to .pem

Using OpenSSL, convert the certificate format from .pfx to .pem.

To convert the certificate format from .pfx to .pem:

1. Download and install Windows OpenSSL from https://www.slproweb.com/products/ Win320penSSL.html. (The light version is sufficient.)

- 2. Copy the .pfx client certificate file you saved above to the C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin directory.
- 3. Open a command prompt window, and enter the following command to convert the certificate format from .pfx to .pem:

C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe pkcs12 -in <client_cert>.pfx -out <client_cert>.pem -nodes

where is the name of the .pfx certificate file you saved to your local machine.

- 4. When prompted, enter the password for the certificate file.
- 5. At the command prompt, enter the following command to create an RSA private key file:

```
C:\OpenSSL-Win32\bin\openssl.exe rsa -in <client_cert>.pem -out <client_cert>_rsa.pem
```

where is the name of the .pem certificate file you created in the previous step.

- 6. In Notepad or any text editor:
 - a. Open both the original .pem file and the RSA .pem file you just created. The RSA .pem file contains only an RSA private key. Because the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card certificate requires its private key in RSA format, you need to replace its private key with this RSA private key.
 - b. Copy the entire contents of the RSA .pem file (everything from -----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY ----- to ----- END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----), and paste it into the original .pem file, replacing its private key with this RSA private key.

In other words, make sure that all the text from -----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY----- to -----END PRIVATE KEY (including the dashes) in the original .pem file is replaced with the contents of -----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY ----- to -----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----- (including the dashes) from the RSA .pem file.

c. Save the original .pem file and close it. The certificate is now ready to be uploaded to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

Import the Client Certificate into the Client User Account

In the Windows 2008 server, import the client certificate into the client user account.

To import the client certificate into the client user account:

- 1. Log in to the Windows 2008 server.
- 2. Click Start > Administrative Tools > Active Directory Users and Computers.
- 3. From the View menu, select Advanced Features.
- 4. Navigate to the user you created for the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.
- 5. Right-click the user, and select Name Mappings.
- 6. In the X.509 Certificates section, click Add.
- Locate and select the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card certificate you exported that does not contain the private key (This file was saved to a network location in step 9 of Export the Client Certificate.)
- 8. Make sure both identity boxes are selected. Click **OK**, and then click **OK** again.

Import the Certificates to the Client Device

From the device's AWI, import the certificates.

To import the certificates into a profile using the PCoIP Management Console, see the PCoIP® Management Console Administrators' Guide.

To import the certificates to a device using the AWI:

- 1. From a browser, log into the AWI for the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.
- 2. From the AWI, select **Upload > Certificate**.
- 3. Upload both the Root CA certificate and the certificate with the private key, using the **Browse** button to locate each certificate and the **Upload** button to upload them.
- 4. From the OSD or AWI, select Configuration > Network.
- 5. Select Enable 802.1x Security.
- 6. Click **Choose** beside the Client Certificate field.
- 7. Select the certificate with the private key, and then click Select.
- 8. Enter the identity name of the certificate. Typically, this is the universal principal name (UPN) that appears after Subject: (for example, **remoteworkstationcard@mydomain.local**).

Windows server may be configured to use the certificate's Subject, the Subject Alternative Name, or another field

For the identity name, your Windows server may be configured to use the certificate's Subject, the Subject Alternative Name, or another field. Check with your administrator.

- To enable greater 802.1x compatibility for older switches on the network, select Enable 802.1X
 Support for Legacy Switches. This setting is only available from the AWI Network page.
- 10. Click Apply, and then click Reset.

Getting more information about 802.1x

For more information about 802.1x, see the following Knowledge Base articles, available from the Teradici Support Center:

- Do PCoIP Zero Clients support network authentication or 802.1x?
- How to set up Windows Server 2008 R2 as an 802.1X Authentication Server ?
- PCoIP Troubleshooting Steps: IEEE 802.1x Network Authentication?

About USB Settings

USB Overview

From the AWI and Management Console 3.1 or later, you can configure access to the host PC operating system for USB devices plugged into PCoIP Zero Client USB ports. PCoIP Management Console, configurations are found in the PCoIP Management Console Administrators' Guide.

JUSB device bridging

USB bridging to the host PC is supported by PCoIP Zero Clients

USB plug events are blocked in the Tera2 PCoIP Zero Client firmware by configuring the Unauthorized Devices in its AWI. The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card can also be configured to block USB device access to the host PC for an additional layer of security.

The USB permissions page is available on the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card and has a higher priority than the configurations on the PCoIP Zero Client and thus overrides the client USB permissions. It is strongly recommended you only set the USB permissions on the host when connecting to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card from a PCoIP Zero Client. The following rules apply:

- If the host has permissions programmed (authorized and/or unauthorized), the permissions are sent to the client. If the client has any unauthorized devices, they are added to the host's unauthorized devices and the consolidated list is used.
- If the host does not have permissions programmed, the client's permissions are used.

The factory defaults have no USB permissions configured on the host. The factory defaults for the client USB permissions are 'any, any, any' (that is, authorized USB devices).

The host USB permissions are only updated at the start of a PCoIP session. They are authorized in the following order of priority (from highest to lowest):

- Unauthorized Vendor ID/Product ID
- Authorized Vendor ID/Product ID

- Unauthorized Device Class/Sub Class/Protocol
- Authorized Device Class/Sub Class/Protocol

Configuring USB Permissions from the AWI

From the AWI, you can configure USB permissions to authorize certain USB devices bridged to the host PC to access the host operating system or add an additional layer of security by unauthorizing USB devices trying to access the host PC operating system.

From the AWI USB permissions page, you can configure USB permissions and:

- authorize and unauthorize a list of USB devices based on ID or Class. You can use wildcards (or specify any) to reduce the number of entries needed to define all devices.
- configure devices that are bridged to the host that are allowed to access the host PC operating system.

USB Permissions Page

The following categories display on the AWI Permissions > USB page:

Category	Description
Authorized Devices	Specify the authorized USB devices for the device:
	Add New: add a new device or device group to the list. This allows USB authorization by ID or Class:
	 ID: The USB device is authorized by its Vendor ID and Product ID. Class: The USB device is authorized by Device Class, Sub Class, and Protocol.
	Remove: Delete a rule for a device or device group from the list.

Category	Description
Unauthorized	Specify the unauthorized USB devices for the device.
Devices	Add New: add a new device or device group to the list. This allows USB devices to be unauthorized by ID or Class:
	 ID: The USB device is unauthorized by its Vendor ID and Product ID Class: The USB device is unauthorized by Device Class, Sub Class, and Protocol.
	Remove: Delete a rule for a device or device group from the list.

To configure USB settings:

1. From the AWI, select **Configuration > USB**.

USB
Configure the USB permissions table
Authorized Devices: Table is empty
Add new
Unauthorized Devices: Table is empty
Add new
Apply Cancel

AWI USB permissions page

2. From the AWI USB page, update the USB settings by selecting **Add new** and configure the required parameters. The parameters that display depend on whether you describe the device by **Class** or **ID**.

Add new: Class		
Device Class: * Any		
Sub Class: * Any		
Protocol: * Any		
Add Cancel		

Device Class parameters

Add new:	ID	•
Vendor ID:	0000	
Product ID:	0000	
	Add	Cancel
-		

Device ID parameters

- 3. Click Add.
- 4. Click Apply.

USB Configuration Parameters

The following parameters display when you authorize or unauthorize USB device parameters:

Parameter	Description
Add new	 When adding a new USB authorization or unauthorization entry, select one of the following: Class: The USB device is authorized by its device class, sub-class, and protocol information. ID: The USB device is authorized by its vendor ID and product ID information.
Device Class	This field is enabled when Class is selected. Select a supported device class from the drop-down menu, or select Any to authorize or unauthorize (disable) any device class.

Parameter	Description
Sub Class	This field is enabled when Class is selected.
	Select a supported device sub class from the drop-down menu, or select Any to authorize or unauthorize (disable) any sub-class.
	Note: If Any is selected as the device class, this will be the only selection available.
Protocol	This field is enabled when Class is selected.
	Select a supported protocol from the drop-down menu, or select Any.
	Note: If Any is selected as the device class or sub-class, this will be the only selection available.
Vendor ID	This field is enabled when ID is selected.
	Enter the vendor ID of the authorized (or unauthorized) device. The valid range is hexadecimal 0- FFFF.
Protocol ID	This field is enabled when ID is selected.
	Enter the product ID of the (authorized or unauthorized) device. The valid range is hexadecimal 0- FFFF.

Establishing a PCoIP Session to a Remote Workstation Card

After successfully completing the installation steps, the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card will connect to the network when the workstation is powered on. By default, DHCP is enabled on the Remote Workstation Card to allow your DHCP server to assign an IP address to the Remote Workstation Card. If your network does not support DHCP, the card's default IP address will be 192.168.1.100. The PCoIP Remote Workstation Card is configured to accept connections from any peer which will allow you to initiate a PCoIP session from a PCoIP Zero Client, or software client. Finally the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card TLS Security Mode is set to Maximum Compatibility: TLS 1.1 or higher with RSA keys by default. This setting can be set to a more secure setting of Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption if your connecting client has a compatible setting.

Session Security Setting

Ensure your PCoIP client has a matching session setting if you are having issues connecting to the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card.

When using a PCoIP software client, the IP address of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card must be known. If using a PCoIP Zero Client and the IP address is not known, you have the option of using SLP discovery. To use SLP discovery, it must be enabled. This setting is located on the Remote Workstation Card AWI Discovery page.

For information on how to configure a connection to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card using a Teradici PCoIP® Software Client or PCoIP® PCoIP Zero Client, see the latest Administrators' Guide for the client your are using, available from the Teradici support site.

Using SLP

- A PCoIP Zero Client configured to use SLP reports the first 10 responding PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards. If you do not see the MAC or IP address of your card, you can try reconnecting the PCoIP Zero Client to the network after powering down some or all of the host PCs that you do not want to connect to and see if your IP/MAC address is displayed.
- Service Location Protocol (SLP) can dynamically discover devices without requiring prior knowledge of their whereabouts on the network. SLP host discovery requires the PCoIP Zero Client and host PC to reside on the same subnet. You also need to know the IP address and/or MAC address of the Remote Workstation Card so you can select it from the list of available hosts. In addition, the Remote Workstation Card must be configured to accept any peer or to accept the specific MAC address of the PCoIP Zero Client. If the card was previously configured, you can configure this setting from the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card AWI. See Configuring a Session page.

Connecting Remotely

PCoIP sessions between clients and hosts can operate in a wide area network (WAN) that traverses the Internet. You can connect clients and hosts remotely using the following methods:

- Configuring network address translation (NAT) devices at both ends to implement the necessary IP address and port translation. This method applies only to Tera2 devices that employ UDP-encapsulated IPsec ESP encryption.
- Setting up a VPN to connect two trusted networks over an intermediate untrusted network.
- Using the PCoIP Management Console to remotely manage connections using a reverse proxy. This type of deployment is described in the Remote Endpoint section of the PCoIP Management Console Administrators' Guide.

The scenarios listed below describe some common ways you can connect PCoIP endpoints remotely.

- Scenario 1: Connecting a PCoIP Zero Client to a Remote Workstation Card.
- Scenario 2: Connecting multiple PCoIP Zero Clients to multiple Remote Workstation Cards.
- Scenario 3: PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card via Hardware VPN.

Connecting from a PCoIP Zero Client

Connecting Across a Wide Area Network (WAN)

PCoIP Zero Clients and Remote Workstation Cards use UDP-encapsulated IPsec format. Because this encapsulation type supports IP address and port number translation, it is not necessary to set up a VPN when these devices connect remotely. To connect devices with earlier firmware versions which require a VPN, see PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card Using a Hardware VPN.

Remote Workstation Cards with firmware 20.01 and newer support connections from Teradici Software Clients when the Remote Workstation Card Agent and Remote Workstation Card Software are installed on the host PC.

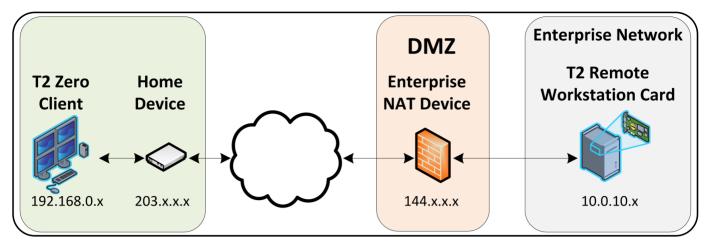
Remote Workstation Card Software Assumption

All Remote Workstation Card scenarios assume you have the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software installed on the host PC. For details, please see the Windows or Linux PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software Administrators' Guide used in your deployment. Please refer to Connection Prerequisites for other conditions that may apply.

Example IPs

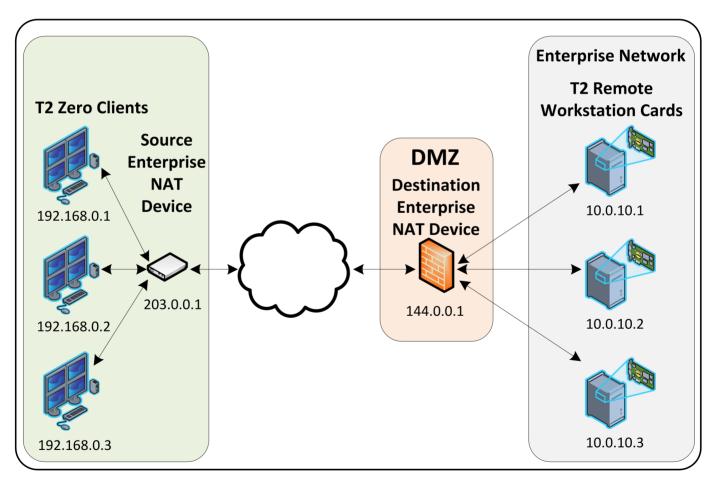
The IP addresses in the following figures are intended as example addresses only.

The figure below shows a PCoIP Zero Client establishing a PCoIP session with a Remote Workstation Card over a WAN.



Scenario 1: PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card (WAN)

You can also have multiple PCoIP Zero Clients and Remote Workstation Cards connected behind NAT devices, as shown in the scenario 2 diagram. Separate client connections to dedicated Remote Workstation Cards require source IP translation which is usually found on enterprise-level NAT devices.



Scenario 2: Remote PCoIP Sessions with Multiple Tera2 Devices

To establish the connection:

- 1. Configure the enterprise NAT device to redirect TCP/UDP port 4172 to the Remote Workstation Card.
 - Scenario 1
 - Configure the enterprise NAT device to redirect TCP/UDP port 4172 to the Remote Workstation Card.
 - Scenario 2
 - Configure the source enterprise NAT device (203.0.0.1) to translate IP address and ports as follows:

192.168.0.1:4172 to 203.0.0.1:4172 192.168.0.2:4172 to 203.0.0.1:4173 192.168.0.3:4172 to 203.0.0.1:4174

 Configure the destination enterprise NAT device (144.0.0.1) to translate IP addresses and ports as follows:

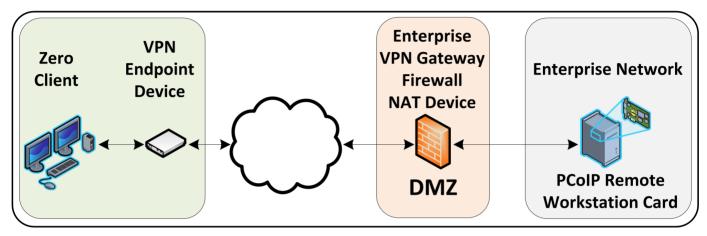
144.0.0.1:4172 to 10.0.10.1:4172 144.0.0.1:4173 to 10.0.10.2:4172 144.0.0.1:4174 to 10.0.10.3:4172

- 2. From the PCoIP Zero Client's AWI:
 - Configure the Direct to Host session connection type, and enter the IP address of the destination enterprise NAT device.
- 3. From the Remote Workstation Card's AWI:
 - Configure the Session connection.
- 4. On your firewall or router, allow both TCP and UDP traffic on the ports you have configured in your NAT devices (4172+) in step 1.
- 5. Start a PCoIP session.
- 6. If necessary, adjust bandwidth and image parameters on both the host and client to optimize performance.

For more information on how NAT applications work with PCoIP, please log in to the Teradici support site and view KB 1623 and KB 1487.

PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card via Hardware VPN

The figure below shows a PCoIP session between a PCoIP Zero Client and Remote Workstation Card over a hardware VPN.



Scenario 3: Hardware VPN for PCoIP Zero Client to Remote Workstation Card (WAN)

A VPN is necessary when connecting the following PCoIP endpoints over the Internet:

- PCoIP Zero Client to a Tera2 Remote Workstation Card when the installed firmware in these devices is prior to release 4.1.0
- PCoIP Zero Client or Software Client to a Tera2 Remote Workstation Card when the enterprise NAT device/gateway cannot implement the required IP address and port translation
- Teradici Software Client to a Remote Workstation Card when the Remote Workstation Card Agent is not installed
- Teradici Software Client to a Remote Workstation Card when the client software host PC has no VPN software installed.

To establish the connection:

- At the home network, install a VPN endpoint device (e.g., a router) and establish a VPN session between the endpoint device and the enterprise VPN gateway. For information on how to set up the VPN, please see the documentation for your device.
- 2. Configure the enterprise VPN gateway/firewall/NAT device to allow IPsec ESP traffic, and also traffic on UDP port 4172 for the PCoIP data stream and on TCP port 4172 for the TCP handshake.

- 3. From the PCoIP Zero Client's AWI:
 - Configure the Direct to Host session connection type, and enter the IP address of the Remote Workstation Card.
 - Configure the address of the home VPN endpoint device as the default gateway.
 - Set the packet MTU to be less than or equal to the largest size supported by the VPN tunnel.
- 4. From the Remote Workstation Card's AWI:
 - Configure the Session connection type.
 - Set the packet MTU to be less than or equal to the largest size supported by the VPN tunnel.
- 5. Start a PCoIP session.
- 6. If necessary, adjust bandwidth and image parameters on both the host and client to optimize performance.

For information on optimizing networks for WAN connections, please log in to the Teradici Support Site and see the following Knowledge Base topics:

- Packet size (MTU) settings: KB 1685
- Bandwidth settings: KB 1422
- Image settings: KB 1107
- Windows desktop experience optimization: KB 1359

Upload a Firmware Release to a Remote Workstation Card

To upload a firmware release to a PCoIP Remote Workstation Card:

- 1. Ensure the host PC is in an idle state (i.e., that all applications are closed).
- 2. Log into the host's AWI.
- 3. From the **Firmware Upload** page, browse to the folder containing the firmware file. This file will have an ".all" extension.
- 4. Double-click the correct "*.all" firmware file.
- 5. Click Upload.
- 6. Click **OK** to confirm that you want to proceed with the upload. The operation may take a few minutes. When completed, the AWI page displays two buttons—**Reset** and **Continue**.
- 7. Click Reset.
- 8. Click OK.
- 9. Power off and then power on the host PC. It is necessary to power off (not just restart) the PC or workstation in order for the changes to take effect on the Remote Workstation Card.

Large deployments

Administrators wanting to apply new firmware to a large number of PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards should consult the managing profiles section of the PCoIP Management Console Administrators' Guide.

Displaying Processor Information

The **Processor** field on the AWI Home page for a host or client displays the name of the device's processor, or chipset.

PCoIP® H	ost Card				
PCoIP® device	status and statistic	s for the current session			
		Processor: TERA22	40 revision 1.0 (512 MB))	
	Tir	ne Since Boot: 3 Days	1 Hours 58 Minutes 12 Sec	onds	
	PCoIP	Device Name: pcoip-ho	ost-00300413b28c		
	Con	nection State: Connect	ted to TERA2321 client 10.	0.6.194	
	Connec	tion Duration: 0 Days	2 Hours 24 Minutes 21 Sec	onds	
	802.1X Authenti	cation Status: Disabled	đ		
	Session En	cryption Type: AES-25	6-GCM		
PCoIP	Packets (Sent/Re	ceived/Lost): 458474	/ 389955 / 0 (0.0 %)		
	Bytes (Se	nt/Received): 209254	876 / 59874266		
Round Trip Latency (Min/Avg/Max): 2 / 2 / 4 ms Transmit Bandwidth (Min/Avg/Max/Limit): 0 / 624 / 13352 / 19766 kbps					
			Rece	eive Bandwidth (M	in/Avg/Max): 0 / 72 /
Pipel	ine Processing Ra	te (Avg/Max): 0 / 44 M	1pps		
E	ndpoint Image Se	ettings In Use: Client			
Initial In	nage Quality (Min	/Active/Max): 50 / 100	0 / 100		
	Image Quali	ty Preference: 50			
		d To Lossless: Disabled	ł		
Display	Maximum Rate: Refresh Rate	Input Change Rate	Output Process Rate	Image Quality	
1	60 fps	11 fps	11 fps	Perceptually Lossless	
2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Processor Information on AWI Home Page

The processor family name and other information displays on the AWI Version page (Info > Version) for a host or client.

Log Out	PCoIP® Host Card
Home	Configuration / Permissions / Diagnostics / Info / Upload
teradici.	
Version	
View the hardware and firmware version	information
MAC Address: Unique Identifier: Serial Number: Firmware Part Number: Hardware Version:	
Firmware Version: 5.	
Firmware Build ID: re Firmware Build Date: Ja	
PCoIP Processor Family: Te PCoIP Processor Revision: 1	
Bootloader Version: 1 Bootloader Build ID: r4 Bootloader Build Date: Ju	€_7@16301

Processor Family Information on AWI Version Page

Syslog

Syslog Overview

The syslog protocol is a standard for logging program messages to a database. It is commonly used to monitor devices that do not have a large amount of storage capacity, such as networking devices, ESX servers, PCoIP Zero Clients, and PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards. Using syslog for logging allows you to centralize the storage of log messages and to capture and maintain a longer history of log data. It also provides a set of tools to filter and report on syslog data.

Syslog messages include a facility level (from decimal 0 to 23) that indicates the application or operating system component that is generating the log message. For example, a facility level of "0" indicates a kernel message, a facility level of "1" indicates a user-level message, and a facility level of "2" indicates a message from a mail system. Processes and daemons that have not been explicitly assigned a facility may use any of the eight "local use" facilities ("16 – local use 0" to "23 – local use 7") or they may use the "1 – user-level" facility. Facilities allow for easy filtering of messages generated by a device.

Syslog messages are also assigned a severity level from 0 to 7, where a severity level of "0" indicates an emergency panic condition and a severity level of "7" indicates a debug-level message useful to developers but not for operations.

Configuring Syslog Settings

You can configure syslog settings for a host or PCoIP Zero Client from the device's AWI, or you can use the Management Console to configure settings for a device profile. Both methods are shown below. Configuration involves entering the IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN) for the syslog server, and then specifying the port number and facility to use when sending messages to the syslog server.

Teradici uses UDP to send syslog messages to a centralized syslog server. Because most servers use port 514 for incoming messages, Teradici recommends you configure port 514 (the default) as the syslog port to use. However, you can use a different port as long as the syslog server is set to receive syslog messages on the same port as the device is set to send them.

Teradici also uses "19 – local use 3" as the default facility under the assumption that this facility is not commonly used. If it is being used, you can select a different facility.

Additional Devices

Cisco IOS devices, CatOS switches, and VPN 3000 concentrators use the "23 – local use 7" facility. Cisco PIX firewalls use the "20 – local use 4" facility.

👌 Log Messages

Ensure that your syslog server can handle the volume of messages sent by a PCoIP Zero Client. With some free syslog servers, messages can become lost if the volume is too great.

Setting up Syslog from the AWI

Syslog settings in the AWI are located in the Event Log page. To configure syslog settings from the AWI for a single device:

- 1. From an Internet browser, enter the IP address of the PCoIP Zero Client or host.
- 2. Select the **Diagnostics > Event Log** menu to display the **Event Log** page.
- 3. Check **Enable Syslog**, and then select whether you want to identify the syslog server by its IP address or fully qualified domain name (FQDN).
- 4. Enter the IP address or FQDN of the syslog server.
- 5. If the syslog server is configured to receive data on a port other than 514, enter this port number.
- 6. If you wish the device to use a facility other than the default, select it from the **Syslog Facility** drop-down list.
- 7. Click Apply.
- 8. At the Success page, click Continue.

Setting up Syslog from the Management Console

Syslog settings in the Management Console are located in the Management Console's Profiles page. To configure syslog settings from the Management Console for a device profile:

- 1. From an Internet browser, enter the IP address of the Management Console.
- 2. Select PROFILE.
- 3. Add or edit the appropriate host/client profile.
- 4. Select the LOGGING link on the left.
- 5. Enter the required syslog settings.
- 6. Click Save.

Entered Values

You must enter a value in both the Syslog Server Port and Syslog Facility Number fields.

Local Cursor and Keyboard

Local cursor and keyboard is a feature of the PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Software that improves usability for PCoIP sessions operating over WAN connections (latency > 40 ms). When enabled, it allows the PCoIP Zero Client to terminate input from the mouse and keyboard, and to draw the cursor on the attached display(s).

For more information about this feature and instructions on how to enable it, please see PCoIP® Remote Workstation Card Software for Windows User Guide.

Monitor Emulation

Teradici's monitor emulation feature for PCoIP Remote Workstation Cards presents a generic display to ensure the boot process completes. It is intended to alleviate issues related to graphics cards that do not enable Display Port or DVI ports when no monitor is detected and/or do not honor hot plug events. These issues can occur during initial BIOS/OS boot or at some time after a full OS boot.

Enabling monitor emulation will provide the motherboard/GPU BIOS, OS, and GPU software driver a valid EDID. In general, the firmware will respond with the last connected monitor EDID when monitor emulation is enabled. If no display has been connected to a port since the device was factory programmed, a default EDID is used. The default monitor definitions shown below.

Monitor Name	TERA DEFAULT
Manufacturer ID	XXX
Monitor Serial Number	00000000000
Established Timing Supported	640x480 @ 60Hz (IBM,VGA) 800x600 @ 60Hz (VESA) 1024x768 @ 60Hz (VESA)
Standard Timing Supported	1280x1024 @60Hz
Native Resolution	1024x768 @60Hz Min Vertical Freq – 50 Hz Max Vertical Freq – 75 Hz
Monitor Range Limits Description	Min. Horiz. Freq – 30 KHz Max Horiz. Freq – 82 KHz Pixel Clock – 140 MHz
EDID Revision	1.4

Disable monitor emulation

This feature can be disabled to prevent GPUs from driving unwanted display outputs. When in session, the true hotplug/display state is only bridged from the client if the Teradici Remote Workstation Card Software is installed. This implies that a GPU may drive emulated ports with a video signal, even if the port on the client does not have an attached display.

PCoIP Software Session Variables

The PCoIP software session variables in Microsoft's Group Policy Object (GPO) editor let you configure users' desktops with a collection of parameters that affect PCoIP sessions with soft hosts. These variables are defined in a GPO administrative template file called **pcoip.adm**, which is located on the View Connection Server installation directory (\\<servername>\c\$\Program Files\VMware\VMware View\Server\extras\GroupPolicyFiles\pcoip.adm).

You can enable and configure PCoIP software session variables in either the Group Policy Object editor's **PCoIP Session Variables > Overridable Administrator Defaults** list to allow users to override settings or the **PCoIP Session Variables > Overridable Administrator Defaults** list to prevent users from overriding settings.

PCoIP GPO Template

For large environments, you can apply **pcoip.adm** to a Windows Active Directory organizational unit (OU) or to a machine that you are configuring as a template for a desktop pool. For further details, see "VMware View 5 with PCoIP Network Optimization Guide" from the VMware Documentation website.

For instructions on how to load the PCoIP session variables template to a virtual machine's GPO editor, please see KB 1085 in the Teradici Support Site.

PCoIP Packet Format

PCoIP is a real-time technology that uses UDP as the transport-layer protocol. PCoIP supports two encryption types—UDP-encapsulated ESP and native IPsec ESP. An unencrypted PCoIP transport header field is also present for devices with firmware 4.1.0+ installed and/or for scenarios using View 5.1+. The PCoIP transport header allows network devices to make better QoS decisions for PCoIP traffic.

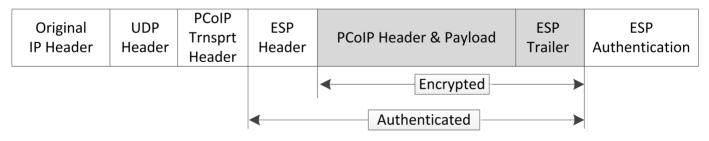
Port 4172

TCP/UDP port 4172 is the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) port assigned to the PCoIP protocol. UDP port 4172 is used for the session data, and TCP port 4172 is used for the session handshake. For more information about TCP/UDP ports that are used for PCoIP technology, see ,KB 1351 on the Teradici Support Site.

UDP-encapsulated ESP Packet Format

UDP-encapsulated ESP is the default packet format for Tera2 devices with firmware 4.1.0 installed. It is also used for Tera1 devices with firmware 3.x+ installed that connect remotely via a View Security Gateway.

The UDP-encapsulated ESP packet format is illustrated in the figure below. This figure also shows the location of the PCoIP transport header in a UDP-encapsulated ESP packet.

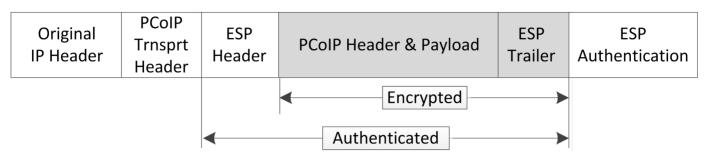


UDP-encapsulated ESP Packet Format

IPsec ESP Packet Format

IPsec ESP encapsulation is the default packet format for direct connections that involve a Tera1 PCoIP Zero Client and/or Tera1 Remote Workstation Card.

The IPsec ESP packet format is illustrated in the figure below. This figure also shows the location of the PCoIP transport header in an IPsec ESP packet.



IPsec ESP Packet Format

Creating and Applying Custom Certificates

In order to securely connect your PCoIP Zero Client to a Remote Workstation Card, the certificates must meet PCoIP Zero Client and PCoIP Remote Workstation Card Suite B requirements and both devices must be configured correctly.

This reference provides the Suite B certificate requirements so that you can create your own custom certificate to securely connect your PCoIP Zero Client to a Remote Workstation Card. It also provides the configuration steps to connect your endpoints using the **Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption** TLS Security Mode parameter.

A Certificate	×
General Details Certification Path	
Show: <all></all>	~
Field	Value
T Version	V3
Serial number	16 00 00 00 06 f2 f1 1e 73 8b
Signature algorithm	sha384ECDSA
Signature hash algorithm	sha384
Issuer	SUITEB-SUB-CA, fwteralab, local
Valid from	Monday, July 22, 2019 8:25:4
Valid to	Saturday, July 18, 2020 2:39:
🗒 Subject	endpoint, PCoIP Suite B Device
📋 Public key	ECC (384 Bits)
Public key parameters	ECDH_P384
Certificate Template Inform	The second se
😨 Subject Key Identifier	
Authority Key Identifier	100-01 C 8 2 8 m
CRL Distribution Points	the second second second
Authority Information Access	Contraction of the second second
Key Usage	Digital Signature, Key Agreem
Thumbprint algorithm	
Thumbprint	~
sha384ECDSA	
Ed	tit Properties Copy to File
	OK

Required Certificate Parameters

All Certificate Requirements (Root/Client/Server)

- Subject and Issuer name must be valid (both the CN and O and cannot be empty).
- Signature algorithm must be SHA-384ECDSA.

- Signature hash algorithm must be SHA-384.
- **Public key** needs to be an 384 bit elliptic curve key that was generated from the secp384r1 curve (commonly known as the P-384 curve).
- Must be generated as unencrypted .pem files.

Client Certificate Specific Requirements

- Key Usage must be Digital Signature or omitted.
- Self signed certificates are not allowed.

Server Certificate Specific Requirements

- Key Usage must be Key Agreement, Key Encipherment or omitted.
- Self signed certificates are not allowed.

Notes

- The Certificate Revocation List (CRL) lookup and Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) is not used.
- If certificate key usage has both Digital Signature and Key Agreement (or if certificate has no Key Usage), then it is possible to use the same certificate on both host and client.
- See samples for PCoIP Zero Client (client), Remote Workstation Card (server), and Root CA certificates.
- The Generate_Certificate_Script package has been provided to demonstrate how to generate custom certificates. Unzip and run the **example_suiteb_all_gen.sh** script (certificates will be created in the **certificates** folder).

Perform the following configuration steps on the Remote Workstation Card and PCoIP Zero Client to establish a secure connection with your custom certificates.

Remote Workstation Card Configuration

- 1. Login to the Remote Workstation Card AWI.
- Browse to Upload > Certificate and Upload both the issuer (example_suite_b_root_ca_cert.pem) and client (example_suite_b_client.pem) certificates.
- 3. Browse to **Configuration > Session**.

- 4. Select Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption for TLS Security Mode parameter.
- 5. Select the correct Server certificate for the Peer-to-Peer Certificate parameter.
- 6. Click on Apply and then Continue.

PCoIP Zero Client Configuration

- 1. Login to the PCoIP Zero Client AWI.
- Browse to Upload > Certificate and Upload both the issuer (example_suite_b_root_ca_cert.pem) and client (example_suite_b_server.pem) certificates.
- 3. Browse to **Configuration > Session**.
- 4. Select **Direct to Host** for the Session Connection Type and enter the IP address of the Remote Workstation Card that you are connecting to for the **DNS Name** or **IP Address** parameter.
- 5. Select Show Advanced Options and select Suite B: TLS 1.2 with Suite B-compliant 192-bit elliptic curve encryption for the TLS Security Mode parameter.
- 6. Select the correct Client certificate for the Peer-to-Peer Certificate parameter.
- 7. From the OSD connect to your Remote Workstation Card.

Notes

- If a custom peer to peer certificate is applied and a connection is made, and the custom certificates are removed from the certificate store on either device, a subsequent connection will not establish.
- A connection reset is required before changes will take affect.

Release Notes

Release Notes for PCoIP Remote Workstation Card firmware releases can be found at the Teradici support site on the Remote Workstation Card Firmware Release Notes.